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Develop Israel with Israel Bonds

THE JERUSALEM POST

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WRITERS in official publications do not usually utter threats lightly. In spite of the reported liberalization of Soviet life, one is tempted to conclude that an article appearing on the bottom of the last page of "Pravda" — the preferred position for a political article in the Soviet press — indicates the mood in the official ruling circles in the USSR. If that is the case as regards the article written by Mr. J. Alexandrov, who recently discussed the Eichmann trial in the official paper of the Russian Communist party, then we may conclude that before long we may witness another general Russian outburst against Israel on charges that we have been conspiring with West Germany to cover up for Nazi criminals.

SOVIET COMPLAINTS

Mr. Alexandrov's fantastic thesis is that last June a special envoy of Chancellor Adenauer impressed on Mr. Ben-Gurion, then on a visit to Brussels, that West Germany was worried about the implications of the Eichmann trial and its possible effect on Bonn-Jerusalem relations. Mr. Servatius, who is paid by the Israel Government to defend Eichmann, adds Alexandrov, is exerting pressure on the Israel judicial system and on Eichmann himself in an effort to conceal the deeds of other Nazis who still have not come up for trial.

"The agreement made by the ruling circles in Israel with Nazi criminals will not pass unnoticed; the trick will be exposed," Mr. Alexandrov concludes.

Obviously writing from cuttings assembled in Moscow, Mr. Alexandrov could perhaps not be expected to discover the truth. The Soviet papers sent no reporters to cover the trial. The very nature of the Eichmann trial appears to escape the writer's comprehension. Here is a trial which preserves the classical dignity and search for truth of an honest court of law. Nothing must be taken for granted in proving the guilt of the accused who, despite everything, is entitled to be considered innocent until proven otherwise. How different from the courts trying Nazi criminals in the U.S.S.R., to judge by reports published in the Soviet press. Only last March, when a court in Tallin pronounced death sentences on two war criminals, the audience shouted loudly: "how right!" Reports of the trial are full of vituperations not only against the accused, but also against the countries in which Nazi criminals have found refuge, Great Britain in particular.

These press reports are useful reading on another count. Rarely, if ever, is there mention that Nazi criminals had Jews as their principal target. "Pravda" mentions casually that the Tallin accused were guilty of "mass murder" of Jews. The accused are in general described simply as "fascist criminals". Only the fact that the trials were held in March, shortly before the Eichmann trial was due to begin, indicates a desire on the part of the authorities to impress on the local Jewish population that the U.S.S.R. is just as much aware of Jewish sufferings in the past as the Jewish State itself.

But Eichmann is being tried in Israel not for what he did to Europe, but for the part he played in organizing the murder of six million Jews. No other nation was interested in trying to impress on the world that an attempt was made to exterminate the Jews, nor could it be expected to wish to stress this grisly aspect of the European tragedy on the early 'forties. What happens to former Nazis in general is no direct responsibility of Israel, although it can never fail to interest us. The trial is here, for everybody to see, even for Mr. Alexandrov, had he cared to see for himself. The Tallin trials were not attended by foreign, let alone by Israeli journalists, but there is nothing to stop Mr. Alexandrov coming here while the Eichmann trial is still on.

Two Ex-SS Officers Offered Safe Conduct

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Two former senior S.S. officers are to be allowed to come to Israel, in order to testify at the Eichmann trial, and to leave the country freely. This was announced yesterday morning by Mr. Gideon Hausner, the Attorney-General.

WILHELM HOETTL

The men are Walter Huppenkothen, of Department 4E of the Gestapo, and Dr. Wilhelm Hoettl, of the Foreign Section of the R.S.H.A. (Reich Security Head Office). Both men testified against Eichmann after World War II. When Mr. Hausner wanted to submit their sworn statements Dr. Robert Servatius, Eichmann's defence counsel, objected, saying that they should appear in person. When yesterday morning's session opened, Mr. Hausner rose to announce that "we have no knowledge of their committing crimes against the Jewish people, only that they belonged to a criminal organization," as defined in the Nazi Punishment Law — 1950. Although they could be charged under this law, the Attorney-General said, "I have been authorized to state that they will be granted entry visas to this country and they will be allowed to leave it without being charged."

This was because, as far as was known, they had not committed any crime against the Jewish people. Mr. Hausner noted that "the defence counsel has stated that among the 10 witnesses he would like to bring, Hoettl was the most important." (See Hoettl Profile — Page 2.)

Even if Incriminating

Dr. Servatius asked if these two witnesses will be allowed to leave the country without being tried even if they incriminate themselves during their testimony.

Mr. Hausner gave that assurance.

The court observed that the two men will not be defence witnesses, but that the defence will cross-examine them on the statements they made after the war. Justice Landau noted that they will be allowed to testify at any time during the trial.

Questionnaires for the first four ex-Nazi witnesses were submitted to the court yesterday. These questionnaires are being sent to Germany by a special courier.

Three more prosecution witnesses yesterday morning testified on the mass murder by the *Einsatzgruppen*, the mobile death battalions which moved from village to village, shooting the Jews in the fields or near woods and dumping the bodies in mass graves.

The story told by Mrs. Rivka Yoslievska — who was buried alive in a grave together with the members of her dead family — horrified the spectators. Mrs. Leana Neumann told of her deportation from Vienna to Riga, of the various hardships she underwent before she was rescued by the British at Kiel. Mr. S. Horowitz, whose life was spared for a considerable time so he could sew uniforms for the Gestapo, told of the day when he and 29 other artisans had exhausted their usefulness and were taken out to be shot.

(Detailed reports are given on Page 4.)

Eichmann in France

Most of yesterday afternoon's session was given over to submitting documents. The first batch, presented by Mr. Hausner, linked Eichmann with the work of the *Einsatzgruppen* (See Pg. 3 Col. 3); the second, submitted by Mr. G. Bach, Deputy State Attorney, showed Eichmann at work in France, preparing the ground for the deportation of French Jewry.

The scene of the trial has now shifted to the West.

The only witness scheduled for today is Dr. Georges Wellers, Professor of Physiology at the Sorbonne, who will testify on the Drancy concentration camp.

Justice Michael A. Musmanno, of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, who had been tentatively scheduled to testify today, will appear only at the end of this week or the beginning of next. He will testify to the trial of the *Einsatzgruppen* leaders at one of the Nuremberg series at which the witness was a presiding judge.

44 Documents On Activity in France

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Forty-four documents — testifying to Eichmann's activities in France personally, through his deputy, Theodor Dannecker, and through others—were submitted to the Eichmann trial court in the afternoon by Mr. Gavriel Bach, Deputy State Attorney.

Mr. Bach, who is handling the prosecution's case in the West, will submit further documents this morning on the deportation of French Jewish children.

In one document, Dannecker recommends setting up a concentration camp for French Jews, noting that one-half of the French Jews are in reality foreigners. The implication is that it will be much easier, especially as to the legality of deportations, to ship these Jews out of France than Jews born in France.

It is noted that the French cannot be mobilized to support the Reich's racial policies, but many can be tempted to cooperate by allowing them a substantial share of the Jewish property to be seized.

Mueller, the head of the Gestapo, says that the Reichsfuehrer SS (Himmler) has ordered all steps to prevent the emigration of the French Jews.

Eichmann, in a letter to the German Foreign Ministry, echoes this request, adding that such emigration must be stopped in the light of the "final solution."

Eichmann informs Franz Rademacher, of the German Foreign Ministry, that 1,000 Jews have been detained on charges of endangering the Wehrmacht. They are to be deported to Auschwitz. Does the Foreign Ministry have any objection?

The Foreign Ministry does not. Dannecker notes that Eichmann proposes deporting these 1,000 French Jews immediately, and that Eichmann wants to deport 5,000 more French Jews to the East.

Dannecker then asks that the appropriate German authorities "put pressure" on the French authorities to force the French Jews to wear the yellow patch.

On June 11, 1941, a policy decison was taken by Department IVB4 on the physical condition of Jews to be deported East. No longer must they all be "able-bodied" — 10 per cent need not be able-bodied. (Men unable to stand hard physical work were usually liquidated as soon as they reached their destination.) However, Eichmann, in a letter to the Foreign Ministry, fails to mention that 10 per cen will not be able-bodied.

In a meeting between Eichmann and Dannecker on July 1, 1942, it was noted the French Government was causing difficulties in connection wth the deportations. Himmler is demanding that all the French Jews be deported. Dannecker is to see to it that the Jews lose their citizenship when they cross into the Reich, and "the expulsion must be stepped up, to at least three train-loads of 1,000 a week... until France is free of all its Jews."

Ex-Nazis Reluctant to Come

VIENNA. — Dr. Wilhelm Hoettl said yesterday he does not intend to go to Israel to testify in the Eichmann trial.

He added: "Anyhow, I do not believe that my evidence would be of any use to the prosecution or the defence."

Asked whether he intended to go to Israel at all, he replied that for "professional reasons I cannot go to Israel in the next two months. I have informed the defence in the Eichmann trial to this effect already."

Hoettl was a high officer in the S.S. and chief of the Foreign News Service at Security Headquarters during World War II. He said he knew only that Eichmann had "a certain function" in the S.S. administration set-up, but he did not know what it was.

Huppenkothen told newsmen in Cologne he had met Eichmann several times during the war, but when asked why, he would only say: "It was in connection with my work."

He said he was surprised to have been named as a witness and said he could not think that his evidence would affect the trial either way.

Hüppenkothen said he had no contact with Dr. Servatius, and added: "Before deciding whether to answer a summons to appear as a witness at the Jerusalem trial I want to know what is wanted from me and what I am expected to say."

(Reuter, UPI)

VON HORN RETURNS

AMMAN (Reuter). — General Karl von Horn, head of the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization, returned to his post in Jerusalem yesterday after two weeks' leave in Sweden.

US Capital Hails Space-Man; Shepard: 'No Bad Moments'

WASHINGTON. — A quarter of a million people gave Commander Alan Shepard a tumultuous welcome yesterday when he made his first public appearance in the U.S. since his space flight last Friday.

The astronaut stood in the back of an open car to acknowledge wave after wave of cheers and handclaps that greeted him as he drove along a route normally used only for presidential inaugurations and parades honouring victorious wartime figures.

Commander Shepard was driving to the Capitol for a Congressional reception after a private conference with President Kennedy. His wife Louise joined him in waving to the packed crowds of civil servants, schoolchildren and visitors to the capital on both sides of the avenue.

Earlier, Mr. Kennedy had pinned the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's Distinguished Service Medal on Commander Shepard in a ceremony at the White House.

Standing on a balcony on the south side of the White House and surrounded by the astronauts and top officials of his Administration, President Kennedy said he wanted to express, on behalf of everybody, the great pleasure they had in welcoming Commander Shepard and his wife.

"I think they know as citizens of this great country how proud we are of him, what satisfaction we take in his accomplishment, what a service he has rendered our Government — and we are also proud of Mrs. Shepard," he said.

The President also praised the six other astronauts and said that Commander Shepard had pointed out that his flight into space had been a combined effort in which a great many other men had been involved.

President Kennedy pointed out that the first American manned space flight took place "out in the open" with all the possibilities which could be damaging to U.S. prestige. "Because great risks were taken in that regard, I think we have some right to claim that this open society of ours which risked much, gained much."

Commander Shepard told a press conference later in the day that he had had "a very pleasant lift-off" from the rocket which hurled him 116 miles into space.

"I was surprised at the lift-off," Commander Shepard said in reply to a question at the conference, which was nationally televised.

"I really had expected more noise and more vibration. Fortunately we had provided enough padding around the earphones and helmet so the noise was not a problem. The Redstone (rocket) gave me a very pleasant lift-off."

He said he had controlled the space vehicle during the retro-firing and during re-entry into the earth's atmosphere.

"All in all, we are very much pleased with the flight and very much encouraged by it. We plan to press ahead with the successful completion of Project Mercury."

Commander Shepard was accompanied to the press conference — held in the State Department auditorium

COMMANDER SHEPARD

where President Kennedy normally meets the press — by his fellow members of the astronaut team.

Asked what was the worst part of the flight, he replied: "I don't think we had any bad moments at all, as I recall. I did not feel uncomfortable or embarrassed at any time in the flight."

He said the ride through space was very similar to what had been predicted from the behaviour of the rockets and the experience he had with a type of Link trainer.

Asked to describe how he reacted during the period when he was weightless in the capsule, the astronaut said it was "a pleasant sensation," particularly after the acceleration of the booster rocket. He said he had no difficulty in manoeuvring and controlling the capsule during the period of weightlessness.

Commander Shepard said he had experienced no psychological distress during the space flight.

The Commander declined to compare his flight with that of Soviet Major Gagarin, who orbited the earth last month. He explained that he and his colleagues were so involved in their own flight prospects that they had no time to study data on the Gagarin flight other than what appeared in the newspapers.

He said his flight could have been made "a lot earlier," but added that the team were in complete agreement with the programme, which, he said, was reliable and well-designed.

Commander Shepard said the changes he recommended as a result of the flight "were minor and very few."

ORBIT PLANS

WASHINGTON (AP). — A spokesman for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration said yesterday that its schedule still calls for a manned orbital flight before the end of the year, but not before July.

UN Preparing Action Against Katanga White 'Mercenaries'

ELISABETHVILLE. — The U.N. is preparing to "crack down" on white "mercenaries" in the Katanga army in the Nyunzu area, well-informed sources said here yesterday.

These mercenaries are mainly South African, British and other non-Belgian troops who until now have operated as separate units with the Katanga army.

Seven South Africans were reported yesterday to have been taken into custody by the U.N. after giving themselves up. Katanga officials said they were "deserters."

Both the Katanga regime and the U.N. remained silent on the situation at Nyunzu, a small town in north Katanga where two companies of Malayan troops are reported to have surrounded some 100 white troops.

Most observers here feel Nyunzu is the testing ground for the U.N.'s attempt to dislodge what it calls Katanga's white "mercenaries," which include Belgian officers.

Meanwhile, it was disclosed in Leopoldville that U.N. Secretary-General Hammarskjold has sent a note to the Congo's President, Mr. Joseph Kasavubu, requesting that Congolese soldiers responsible for killing U.N. troops at Port Francqui be brought to trial.

The U.N. garrison of 90 Ghanaians at Port Francqui, an important river port and railhead in North Kasai, was overwhelmed two weeks ago. Three Ghanaians are known to have been killed and 41 persons are still missing.

"We have no confirmation that they are dead but we have very grave fears," said a U.N. spokesman. "It is a dreadful business."

The spokesman said the Congolese were being left to bring the culprits to justice and, he added, they had indicated orally that they would cooperate. (AP, Reuter)

Int'l Truce Team Arrives in Laos

VIENTIANE (Reuter). — The three-nation International Control Commission reached Laos from Saigon by air yesterday.

Twenty-two members headed by the Chairman, Mr. Sivar Sen, who also leads the Indian delegation, flew into Vientiane, and another party flew from Saigon via Hanoi to Pathet Lao headquarters at Xieng Khouang, in the Plain of Jars.

Asked how the Commission hoped to control and supervise a cease-fire when no formal cease-fire agreement had been signed, Mr. Sen said, "We shall do all we can to carry out the instructions of the co-chairmen" (Britain and Russia).

Canadian and Pole

Also in the party were the leader of the Canadian delegation, Mr. Leon Leyrand, and the leader of the Polish delegation, Mr. Albert Morski.

A Laotian right-wing military delegation held further inconclusive talks with representatives of the Pathet Lao and of the neutralist former Premier, Prince Souvanna Phouma, in the war-shattered village of Hin Heup yesterday. The talks again bogged down on the question of where cease-fire formalities should be completed.

Both sides continued to level charges of a breach of the present tacit cease-fire arrangement.

British Fear Collapse Of Spy Network

LONDON (Reuter). — Prime Minister Harold Macmillan faces a mounting press and parliamentary outcry for a frank Government statement on the case of George Blake, former Foreign Office employee jailed for 42 years for spying for Russia.

As the Prime Minister conferred with senior Cabinet colleagues, London newspapers in splash front-page stories debated the possible repercussions of the case on British intelligence services abroad.

The "Daily Telegraph" said British spy networks abroad had been jeopardized by information given to the Russians by Blake. "The lives of many agents are in danger," the Conservative newspaper asserted, adding that intelligence officers were advising the Government that incoming reports could not now be taken at face value.

The "Daily Sketch" said: "The world suspects that the press silence is not for security, but to smother top-level bungling... Abroad, where alleged details of Blake's treachery are printed, the silence of responsible British newspapers is misunderstood."

Parliamentary concern has been deepened by the fact that the Blake case followed closely on the recent Navy spy trial. This ended with the passing of jail sentences aggregating 96 years on three men and two women who composed a spy-ring transmitting British naval secrets to the Soviet Union.

Following parliamentary demands, Mr. Macmillan announced that an investigation into Admiralty security arrangements would take place. After the Blake sentence, he countered demands for an inquiry into this also by saying he did not think it would serve any useful purpose.

Blake yesterday lodged an application for leave to appeal against his sentence. The Court of Criminal Appeal yesterday refused leave to appeal to the five "Navy" spies.

KING GUSTAF RECEIVES MEIR

STOCKHOLM. — Mrs. Golda Meir was received in audience yesterday by King Gustaf. The Israel Foreign Minister arrived in Sweden on Sunday at the outset of a tour of the Northern Countries. She was also received yesterday by Prime Minister Tage Erlander and by Foreign Minister Osten Unden.

Meeting the press yesterday evening, Mrs. Meir said Israel was in principle opposed to all weapons, both nuclear and conventional, but that it was impossible for it to disarm as long as its neighbours openly sought its destruction. (Reuter, INA)

Wins Election But Barred from House

LONDON (Reuter). — Mr. Anthony Wedgwood Benn, Britain's "reluctant peer," failed yesterday in his first bid to take the parliamentary seat which he won in a by-election last week. A doorkeeper, acting on the Speaker's instructions, refused to allow 36-year-old Mr. Benn — officially Viscount Stansgate — to enter the House of Commons chamber.

IRAQ 'PARTISANS' ACTIVITY BANNED

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — Major-General Ahmad Saleh El-Abdi, Military Governor-General of Iraq, has banned Peace Partisans offices in Iraq, the newspaper "Al Mustaqbal" said yesterday.

The decree said the left-wing Peace Partisan movement concerned all classes and not certain groups, and there was therefore no need for offices or to indulge in political activities. Official permission might be obtained for convening meetings.

Know What?

Tonight at 9.30 p.m. let's all listen to:
MARLENE DIETRICH
and
AL JOLSON
on the second wave-length in the "Evening Stars" programme.
Sponsored by
Sonol

De Gaulle: New Algeria With or Without FLN

Rusk Tells Nato Of US Space Projects

OSLO (Reuter). — Mr. Dean Rusk, U.S. Secretary of State, told the Nato Foreign Ministers yesterday America planned big space projects connected with the moon, Mars and Venus, and hoped to have a manned satellite in orbit at the end of this year.

He said there would be cooperation with Nato in certain aspects of U.S. space research.

Earlier, Dr. Dirk Stikker, Nato's new Secretary-General, warned the alliance that "the threat we face is worldwide and even reaches into outer space."

Dr. Stikker told the meeting the days were gone when "we thought of the Soviet threat in simple terms of their military strength and their political aggressiveness on a certain sector of the European front." The threat was just as much political, economic, scientific, psychological, and propagandist, and what it may at times have lost in brutality, it has gained in subtlety and resourcefulness.

Disarmament Talks

Dr. Stikker said a new phase of East-West disarmament negotiations may open in the second half of this year, and he warned that the threat to Berlin's freedom "may assume new proportions and a new immediacy."

Mr. Rusk, chief speaker at yesterday's opening session, is understood to have told the delegates that U.S. forces would not be withdrawn from Europe. He said America considered the Atlantic pact the very touchstone of its foreign policy.

Other of Mr. Rusk's points were:

LAOS: The situation was very serious and could jeopardize all South-East Asia.

SOUTH VIETNAM: The insurgent forces had increased from about 3,000 to more than 10,000.

CONGO: The U.N. military presence was still essential, but they were "over the hump." The next step was to get a truly national Congolese Army. The West could not permit a Soviet position of power in the Congo, Mr. Rusk was quoted as saying.

CUBA: This was a Communist dictatorship and a base for subversion in the Western Hemisphere. The Communists must not be allowed to outflank Nato.

GERMANY: If Russia signed a separate treaty with East Germany it would be a violation of existing agreements. The U.S. would insist on maintaining Berlin's present legal status.

Reaffirms Readiness to Talk

PARIS. — President de Gaulle yesterday pledged to build a new Algerian government with or without the leaders of the Moslem nationalist rebellion there.

At the same time, the 70-year-old President stated in terms more clear than ever that he was prepared to negotiate the whole range of Algerian questions with the "various tendencies, particularly those who are fighting us" — a reference to the insurgent leadership in Tunisia.

The President appealed to the French population of Algeria to renounce "outdated myths and absurd agitations" and to turn their courage and capabilities towards the great task ahead.

In a nation-wide television broadcast — his first since assuming full powers two weeks ago to crush the four-day "revolt of the ex-generals" in Algeria — President de Gaulle said he was sure the "odious and stupid" incident would in no way delay France's forward march.

"We must settle the Algerian affair," the President declared. "It is up to the Algerian populations to take their affairs in hand."

President de Gaulle proposed "to establish, if possible, an agreement between the Government and Algerian elements — including, of course, the leaders of the rebels — on a solution of constructive association between France and Algeria, so that self-determination can take place in a spirit of peace and hope."

He gave no date for the Evian talks, but said that if agreement proved impossible with the insurgent leaders, either on a self-determination vote or on the future of Algeria, "we must speed up and develop on the spot the accession of Algerians to all responsibilities, including those of their government, so that in spite of everything the new Algeria is built."

He added: "In any case we must achieve the free consultation which will finally decide everything. That is France's policy."

Leaflet War Free-for-All

ALGIERS (Reuter). — Extremists' leaflets circulating here yesterday ordered the exponents of plastic explosives "to your posts" and to aim at "people, not things."

The leaflets, signed by the outlawed Rally for a French Algeria, called for "death to all Gaullists" and asked the population to shun French conscripts, whom they blame for the collapse of last month's military insurrection.

Rival leaflets signed "The Conscripts," whose origin was not established, told members of the clandestine "Secret Army Organization" (OAS) to "surrender or we will force you to" and accused Europeans of "usurping" the welfare of the Moslems.

Communist leaflets are also circulating, calling for an end to colonialist links with France and tracts from OAS warn their members against false leaflets issued as "provocation."

Reports are circulating here that a European "maquis" has been located in the Ouarsenis Mountains, south-west of Algiers. There is no official confirmation of this, but usually reliable sources here said troops had taken up positions at strategic points in the mountains.

Salan Leaflets

In Paris, leaflets purporting to be a proclamation by ex-General Salan, who went into hiding as the revolt he headed with ex-General Challe collapsed, circulated yesterday saying: "We are going to fight."

The duplicated leaflets, received by post in newspaper offices, said: "We will win because God is helping us. We will start this ultimate crusade, on which the fate of humanity depends, with eyes on the example of Joan of Arc."

SHAH TO FRANCE LATER THIS YEAR

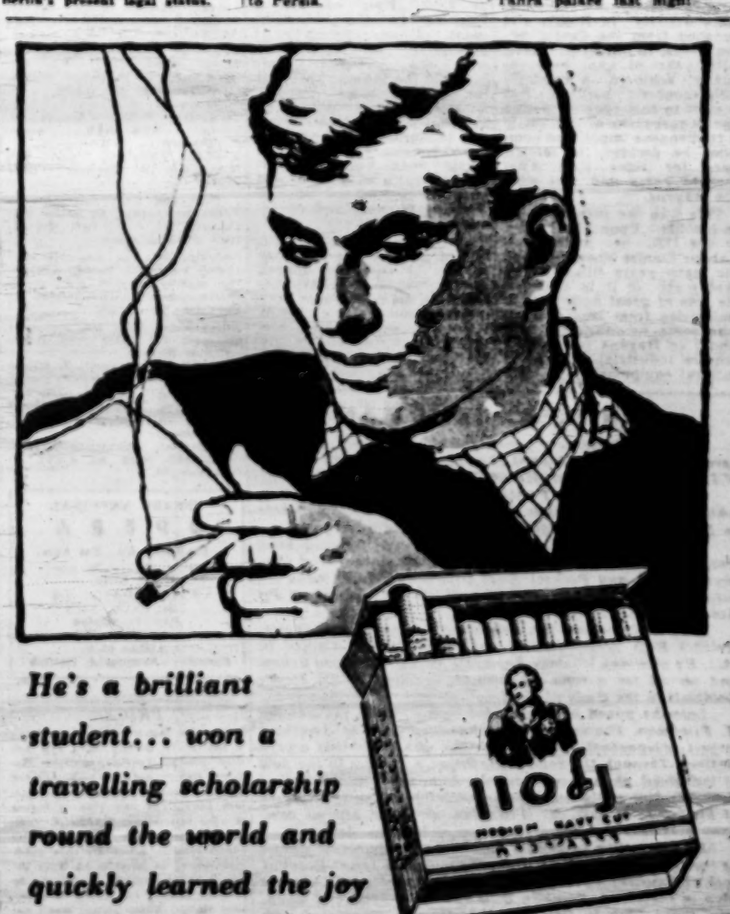
PARIS (Reuter). — The Shah of Persia is to make an official visit to France later this year, the Foreign Ministry announced here yesterday.

It added that President de Gaulle had accepted an invitation to make a similar visit to Persia.

Toure Gets Warm Welcome in Cairo

CAIRO (Reuter). — President Nasser warmly embraced President Sekou Toure of Guinea when he arrived at Al Maza airport yesterday on a week's visit to the UAR.

The plane of the Guinea President was escorted from the frontier by a squadron of UAR Mig fighters. A 21-gun salute was fired as his plane landed. Nasser gave a State dinner for his guest at the Tahra palace last night.



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...Naturally he smokes NELSON!

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SUITS AND DRESSES
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Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday entertained at luncheon the Minister of Development, Mr. Mordechai Bentov, the Ministry's Director-General, Mr. Menahem Bader, and their wives.

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Prime Minister Ben-Gurion yesterday received the Burmese Ambassador, U Maung Maung, and the Minister-designate to South Africa, Mr. Simha Pratt.

U Maung was also received by Mr. Bentov and by the President of the Supreme Court, Justice Y. Olshan.

The Prime Minister and Mrs. Ben-Gurion yesterday made a helicopter flight over the area of the new Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical Centre at Ein Kerem. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Siegfried Kramarsky, Mrs. Tamar de Sola Pool, Mrs. Denise Tourover, Mrs. Julia Dushkin, Dr. George Wise, and Dr. Kalman J. Mann. Mr. and Mrs. Ben-Gurion were later the luncheon guests of Mrs. Kramarsky, who is President of Hadassah, at the Alice Seligsberg Vocational High School in Jerusalem.

The Speaker of the Knesset, Mr. Kadish Luz, yesterday received the newly appointed Chairman of the Central Elections Committee, Justice Zvi Berinson.

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The Minister of Labour, Dr. Giora Josephthal, yesterday received the Argentine Ambassador, Mr. Rogelio Rafael Tristany.

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Dr. B. Cosneck M.D. Ph.D. will lecture, in English, on "Emotional Maturity" at the Masonic Hall 5 Shderot Weizmann, Tel Aviv, on Tuesday May 9th, 1961, at 9.15 p.m. Masonic Brethren from abroad are cordially invited to attend a Communication.

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Tonight at 8.30 p.m. there will be a playreading of "The Man of Destiny" and other 1-act plays by G.B. Shaw at the British Council, 13 Idelson Street, Tel Aviv.

Abba P. and Dalia. Reception on Tuesday evening. Dorothy.

Mr. and Mrs. H.A. Shadmon, of Herzliya, Directors of VALIDOR, will interview parents and children for Validor's Summer Camp in HAIFA, Wednesday afternoon, 10.5, and Thursday afternoon, 11.5, from 1-7 p.m. on the terrace of the Dvir Hotel, 124 Panorama Rd. Mount Carmel Haifa. (Advt.)

G.Z.s Resent Progressive Domination of Liberal Party

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — A certain disappointment has set in amongst the General Zionist partners of the new Liberal Party owing to the domination of the new party machine by former Progressives.

One of the first appointments to be made has gone to a former Progressive, Mr. David Shiloni, editor of the Ha'oved Hazioni monthly "Tmurot," who will direct the party's election propaganda.

It is also felt that the expected rush of prominent new figures to join the new party has not materialized and that not enough has been done for the membership campaign.

The fact that the new party has yet to set up election headquarters and apportion duties in its election campaign has also puzzled many members who note that other parties are already in full harness.

In Tel Aviv, the appointment of Mr. Haim Levanon to the Jewish Agency Executive has reduced his influence in the founding stages of the new party's branch and Municipal Councillor (Prog.) Mordecai Stern's influence is reportedly growing and he is already looked to as head of the merged faction in the Municipality when it comes into being after the Knesset election. (There is an agreement to leave the two factions separate until then, as one is in the coalition and the other is out.)

Now that Dr. Nahum Goldmann has announced that he will not join the Liberals' Knesset list, it seems certain that it will be headed by Justice Minister Pinhas Rosen. He will probably be followed by Mr. P. Bernstein (G.Z.), Mr. Y. Saphir (G.Z.), Mr. Moshe Kol (Prog.), Dr. Eliezer Rimalt (G.Z.) and Mr. I. Harari (Prog.).

The party heads are aware that they have no outstanding figures to represent either the younger generation or the Oriental communities. The fact that the General Zionist youth faction, headed by Mr. A. Katz, strongly favoured a merger with Herut has brought them into disfavour with the leadership, and it seems most likely that a 44-year-old lawyer, Mr. Aharon Moyal, will represent this group. A Haifa lawyer, Mr. David Ganon, may appear on the list on behalf of the Sephardic community, following the lack of support for the re-election of Mr. Moshe Nissim.

Query Histadrut Stand on Liberals

TEL AVIV. — It is essential that Histadrut members take an active part in elections, Histadrut Secretary-General Aharon Becker told Central Committee member Yehuda Sha'ari, answering his objections to the fact that May Day meetings were used by various speakers to attack the Liberal Party, and to the "Davar" editorials directed against the Liberals.

"I don't remember Yehuda Sha'ari objecting to "Davar" attacks on the General Zionists," Mr. Becker said.

Japanese Archaeologists Dig in Galilee

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TIBERIAS. — A three-man archaeological team from Tokyo University has begun digging for remains of prehistoric man, in a cave in Wadi el-Amud, near Moshav Migdal in Lower Galilee. They will be joined at the end of the month by five more archaeologists from Tokyo university, which is financing the project.

Robbers' Cave, also in the vicinity, is the site where a skull, believed to be that of a prehistoric man, was found 36 years ago.

H.U. PROMOTIONS

The Hebrew University announces the followig promotions:

Dr. Jakob Katz, from Associate Professor to full Professor of Jewish Social and Educational History.

Dr. Robert Aumann, from Instructor to Lecturer in Mathematics.

Dr. Harry Kesten, from Instructor to Lecturer in Mathematics.

RUBIN SCHOLARSHIP TO MEDICAL SCHOOL

The Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School has received a gift of $11,248 from the estate of the late Mrs. Eva C. Rubin, of New York, for the establishment of a scholarship fund in memory of her late husband, Dr. Lionel C. Rubin.

'Eichmann Only Deported Jews,' S.S. Colleague Says

"The accusations against Eichmann are basically false, he saved the lives of countless Jews by letting them emigrate," claimed former SS - Sturmbannfuehrer Dr. Wilhelm Hoettl in an interview last month with the Austrian paper "Echo."

"Eichmann was only responsible for the deportation and not for the extermination," Hoettl added, admitting, however, that Eichmann knew of the fate facing the deportees.

One of the few surviving members of the Staff of SS-leader Kaltenbrunner, Hoettl today is the owner and principal of a commercial high-school in Bad Aussee, Upper Austria. The last time he had seen Eichmann was on May 6, or 7, 1945, two days before Germany's total surrender, when Eichmann was about to disappear. Hoettl recalls that Eichmann wanted to speak once more to Kaltenbrunner before his escape, but the latter would not receive him. Eichmann then disappeared into the mountains in the direction of Bla-Alm.

Hoettl faces the Eichmann trial with great calm and is convinced that it cannot incriminate him. "I didn't commit any crimes, after all I belonged to an entirely different section — the Secret Service, and had nothing to do with the persecution of Jews," Hoettl claims.

Nevertheless Hungary recently requested the Austrian Government for Hoettl's extradition, claiming that he was responsible for the mass arrests of Hungarian patriots and the organizing of the fascist putsch in October 1944 when the Germans occupied Hungary completely.

In Hungary Hoettl maintained close contact with Eichmann. "I always thought and acted humanely and saved the lives of dozens of Jews by intervening and pleading for their emigration with Eichmann," Hoettl claims. "Eichmann himself was an excellent organizer, a genius in his field, but he was unbelievably obedient, always implementing orders. As long as it was possible to let Jews emigrate he did so, but when Hitler decided on a more rigid course, seeing in the extermination of the Jews the final solution, Eichmann merely implemented this order. This means that he cannot be held responsible for the extermination of the Jews."

"I know for sure that Eichmann saved the lives of two-thirds of Austria's Jews by letting them emigrate," Hoettl claims. He is also convinced that Eichmann did not use his position for material gains of his own.

There are repeated reports that Hoettl today maintains active contact with various secret services. Denying these reports Hoettl admits however that agents of Western intelligence services visit him occasionally to gather information in connection with his former work in the German secret service during the war. Hoettl is also reported to be a special confidant of the Chief of the West German Intelligence, Gehlen, with whom he worked during the war.

Close acquaintances of Hoettl in Austria claim that he is a millionaire and the standing question of the people in Bad Aussee is: "How was it possible, how did he manage?"

Eichmann Aide Doing Well in Grain Business

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

ROTTERDAM. — Kurt Becher, former senior S.S. officer who was a top aide to Adolf Eichmann and is now a prosperous grain merchant in Bremen, West Germany, is shortly opening a branch office here.

He has already rented premises and engaged a Dutch representative.

Becher was arrested by the Allies at the end of World War II, but was released when the late Dr. Israel Kastner testified on his behalf that he had helped to save Jews and had not been involved in their extermination.

Israel Beats E. German Five to Finish 11th

BELGRADE (Reuter). — Israel gained eleventh place in the European men's amateur basketball championships here yesterday by beating East Germany 83:80 after five minutes of extra time in a thrilling see-saw struggle.

At the end of the regulation 40 minutes, the teams were level at 69:69, following a late rally by the Israelis, who were losing 33:39 at half-time and fell 11 points behind midway through the second half.

The Israelis took the lead from the start of the extra-time period and clung to it to the end despite desperate challenges from the Germans.

David Kaminski, who scored 16 baskets, was one of the prime movers in the Israel recovery, aided by smart opportunist scoring by Albert Chamo, top marksman with 18 baskets, and Amy Shelef (eight).

Poland beat Turkey 74-59 (half-time 40-21) in a final play off to take ninth place in the championship. Turkey was tenth.

Mr. I. Rosin, the Israel team's coach, said last night: "I cannot say I am satisfied with the team's performance in the championships. Our boys' physical condition was not good enough and they were not able to last the pace of a full game...

"Our shooting was bad also, and the (lack of) height of our players is another drawback ..."

THREE YEARS FOR 44th CONVICTION

TEL AVIV. — Brought to trial for the 44th time yesterday, a 21-year-old man from Nahalat Yehuda, Moshe Nagi, was sentenced to three years for stealing a wallet from a bus passenger.

In passing sentence, Magistrate M. Bejski noted that the accused's police record began when he was 12 and that he had already served three years in prison. The Court turned down Nagi's request for "another chance."

Nagi was found guilty of picking a wallet containing IL.100 from the pocket of Mr. Yosef Dayan on bus number 16 in Tel Aviv's New Maccabi quarter.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM
3.30, 7, 9 p.m.

CHEN: Kapo
EDEN: Ben-Hur (3.30, 8)
EDISON: La Francaise et l'Amour (3.30, 6.45, 9)
HABIRAH: Peeping Tom
JERUSALEM: White Christmas
OR-GIL: The Miracle
ORION: Never on Sunday (also at 10.30 a.m.)
ORNA: Midnight Lace
RON: Johnny Nobody (also at 10.45 a.m.)
SEMADAR: Voulez-Vous Danser Avec Moi? (7, 9)
STUDIO: Violetera
TEL OR: Tommy the Toreador
ZION HALL: The Jayhawkers (7, 9)

TEL AVIV
3.30, 7.15, 9.15

ALLENBY: The Ten Commandments (4, 8 p.m.)
ARMON DAVID: Kapo (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
BEN YEHUDA: The Virgin Spring (7.15, 9.30)
CHEN: The Grass is Greener (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
EDEN: Street of Love (3.30, 6.30, 9)
ESTHER: Butterfield 8
GAT: Croesus
HOD: Les Collegiennes (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
MAXIM: The Stranger (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
MIGDALOR: The Great Impostor
MOGRABI: Hell is a City
OPHIR: Spartacus (4, 8)
ORION: Maxime
PARIS: San Francisco
PEER: The Ten Commandments (4, 8)
SHDEROTH: Carry On Sergeant
TAMAR: The League of Gentlemen (10, 12, 2, 4, 7.15, 9.15)
TCHELET: Polyanna (3.30, 7.15, 9.30)
TEL AVIV: Desire in the Dust
YARON: The Misfits
ZAFON: Can-Can (7, 9.30)
ZAMIR: Parisian against his Will
AMPHITHEATRE: Enemy General (7.30 9.30)
RAMAT GAN: The Paradine Case (7.15 9.30)

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Anastasia
ARMON: The Horse's Mouth
ATZMON: World by Night
EN DOR: Journey to the Centre of the Earth (6.45, 9)
GAL OR: Caine Mutiny
MAY: Kapo
MIRON: Ben-Hur (3.30, 7.30)
MORIAH: La Verite
ORAH: The Fugitive Kind
ORION: Last of the Fast Guns
ORLY: Midnight Lace (6.45, 9)
PEER: A Bout de Souffle
TAMAR: South Pacific (3.30, 6.30, 9)

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Zikhron Moshe, Yesheyahu, 24191.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Shortz, 17 Allenby, 24553. Avrahami, 9 Erlanger, 22385. Rass, 66 Frishman, 24236. Ziva, Hatikva Qtr., 32403.
PETAH TIKVA: Pinsker, 2 Pinsker, 911515. RAMAT YITZHAK: Hatikhon, 86 Uziel, 71949.
HOLON: Ribak, Struma Sq.
NATANYA: Asuta. BAT YAM: Atzmaut, 75 Balfour. HERZLIYA: Karni. REHOVOT: Barak, 155 Herzl, 96-1566.
HAIFA: Pevzner, 37 Pevzner, 4073.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Zarad, 89 Jaffa Rd., 24003. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY
All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: Cyprus Air 66 from Nicosia — 0600. El Al 224 from London and Rome — 1645. B.O.A.C. 210 from London and Geneva — 1740. TWA 800 from N.Y., Paris, Rome and Athens — 1915. Olympic 602 from Athens — 2010. Air France 154 from Paris and Rome — 2110. El Al 432 from Vienna and Rome — 2205. El Al 424 from Brussels and Zurich — 2345.

DEPARTURES: El Al 431 to Rome and Vienna — 0700. El Al 423 to Zurich and Brussels — 0750. Alitalia 455 to Athens and Rome — 0810. Sabena 572 to Athens, Vienna and Brussels — 0810. Swissair 336 to Athens and Zurich — 0900. B.E.A. 263 to Athens, Rome and London — 1030. K.L.M. 528 to Munich and Amsterdam — 1045. El Al 205 to Athens, Paris and New York — 1530. B.O.A.C. 210 to Teheran — 1825.

Israel's First Music Festival

August 26 — Sept. 18, 1961
SALE OF TICKETS FROM SUNDAY, MAY 14, 1961.
DETAILS IN THIS PAPER ON WEDNESDAY.

OSEM
Fruit Soup
REFRESHING and NOURISHING
IT'S GOOD—IT'S OSEM'S

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PIANO RECITAL
ROBERT CASADESUS
TEL AVIV, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1961
Works by RAMEAU * SCARLATTI * SCHUMANN CHOPIN * RAVEL
TICKETS at Mann Auditorium Box Office (Rehov Huberman), Daily 10-1, 4-6; Friday: 10-1
PRICES: IL2.50 to IL7.50
Reduction to I.P.O.A. members on Reduction Voucher "Recital No. 3" (Green).

IN MEMORIAM: ELIAHU BRAMSON

FRIEND OF THE EMEK

WITH the death of Eliahu Bramson, Israel has lost an upright man of independent and original mind.

Born in Poland, he was early swept up into revolutionary activity in Russia and escaped from the Czar's secret police to America. There, after years of want, he eventually achieved a comfortable economic position. But a visit to this country during the disturbances of 1936 made a tremendous impression upon him; he decided to remain here for some time and worked heart and soul with the Hagana.

This was the turning point in his life. Upon his return to the U.S. he joined the Labour Zionist Movement and for many years filled important posts in it in Chicago. He was of great assistance to emissaries from this country who came on various missions: on Hagana matters, to acquire industrial and agricultural equipment etc. His house was always open to them.

Shortly after the establishment of the State, Bramson immigrated to this country with his family and settled in Gvat. Here he started working on the establishment of an industrial enterprise in cooperation with the kibbutz. Unfortunately the kibbutz split, and the project was dropped. Bramson then settled in Tiv'on, where he devoted himself to writing. His two published books ("From Daniel to Daniel" made headlines) contain a wealth of wisdom and an original analysis of the world's problems and of Israel's position.

A warm conversationalist, full of goodness and the joy of life, he endeared himself to members of the Emek settlements, many of whom knew him and became his friends. Hundreds accompanied him to his final rest and mourn the loss of a dear friend.

H. GVATI

DANIEL A. FRIEDMAN

Daniel A. Friedman, prominent steel industry executive here and in Israel, died April 15 at his home in South Orange, N.J. after a long illness. He was 37 years old.

Mr. Friedman was President of Solar Steel Corporation, which has its main office in Cleveland and also operates plants in Detroit, Chicago, Union, N.J. and Worcester, Mass.

In Israel he was Chairman of the Board of Solpek Steel Corporation Ltd. and Vice-President of Hasharon Steel Corporation Ltd. and Peckel Steel Corporation Ltd., manufacturers and distributors of steel products with offices at Tel Aviv and plants at Kfar Saba.

Born in Cleveland, Mr. Friedman graduated from Shaker Heights High School in 1941 and from Harvard College in 1945. He attended Western Reserve University Medical School and served for a time as research assistant of Dr. Henry Goldblatt in the study of blood pathology.

Later he joined Solar, founded by his father, the late Sol H. Friedman. The company developed into one of America's largest independent steel distributing and processing organizations. Through the Solar Foundation, a pioneer in the field of industrial philanthropy, scholarships were established at Brandeis University and other institutions. Upon the death of his father in 1957, Mr. Friedman succeeded him as company president and board chairman of the Foundation.

He was active in Jewish religious and communal affairs as trustee of Temple B'nai Jeshurun and Beth Israel Hospital, both of Newark, N.J. His club membership included Oakwood Club in Cleveland, Franklin Hills Club in Detroit and Mountain Ridge Club in Caldwell, N.J. He was associated with various steel industry organizations including the American Iron and Steel Institute and Steel Service Centre Institute.

He is survived by his wife, the former Rolla Jacob of Detroit, whom he married in 1946, and by his mother, Mrs. Celia B. Friedman, two sons, Randolph and Dean, a daughter, Beth, and a brother, Stanford J. Friedman, also a Solar executive.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon, April 17, in the Barnett R. Brickner Auditorium of Fairmount Temple. Rabbi Lelyveld conducted the service and Rabbi Elias Pilchik of Newark gave the eulogy. The pallbearers were Adolph Goldberg, Harold Gretta, Philmore J. Haber, Gustav Jay, Alvin M. Kendis, Hyman Kramer, Josh Pecker, Arthur Philips, J.B. Ribakoff, Sidney Stern, Henry Woods and Irving R. Zwick.

(Communicated)

WHAT'S ON

JERUSALEM

• New Israel Films: — Daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon, 1 p.m.

• Five o'clock tea: — Holyland Hotel. Dancing every Saturday night. Transport: Hotel bus opp. Taxi Israel, Tel. 24498/99/90.

• Tours: — Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem, Martyrs' and Heroes' Remembrance Authority, Har Hazikaron — visits to the Memorial Shrine (Ohel Yizkor) and to the new exhibition entitled "Warning And Witness" Sundays to Thursdays, 8 to 6, Fridays and holiday eves 8 to 1.

Hadassah tour at 9 a.m. daily, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre, Tel. 24061.

• Exhibitions: — Archaeological Museum Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. New exhibitions: New excavation at Azor. Exhibit of the month: Two new Greek Hellenistic inscriptions from Acre and Hefziba. Permanent Exhibition, 9-1, 3-5.

Works by Yehuda Bacon; paintings by Tova Berlinsky. Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.

"Israel Today" permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10-1, 4-6.

Bezalel National Museum. Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Chana Orloff retrospective exhibition. Kenneth Armitage exhibition (loan from British Council, Tel Aviv). Ink paintings by Colette Brunschwig (France). 9-1, 3.30-6. Bezalel Art Library: Voices in the Spring (coloured reproductions). New Acquisitions, 9-1, 3.30-6.

Drawings and Sculpture by Kosso Eloul. Daily 9-1, 4-7. Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka, Tel. 23523.

• Zoo: — Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 8-5.30.

TEL AVIV

• Theatre: — Yiddish Theatre: "Tsit Mir Nich Bei Der Tsunge," Ohel Shem.

• Dine and Dance: — Zidon Restaurant, 12 Rehov Hacarmel, Tel Aviv, fish specialities. Parking space.

Delphin Bar, 16 Shalom Aleichem: exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. French star, Silvia Claire, daily. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 22973.

Adria Night Club, 101 Dizengoff Passage, Tel. 51319. New International Show.

Casba Bar-Restaurant, 32 Rehov Yirmiyahu, International Cuisine. Lunch IL4. Aperitif, Dinner Dance. Tel. 42617. Open from 12 p.m. to 2 a.m. Fully air-conditioned.

Quicki Bar, European-Oriental restaurant, open all night, 25 Ben Yehuda.

Cocktail Bar, Night Club, show and dancing, 73 Hayarkon.

• Tours: — Moetzet Hapoalot, Pioneer Women. Free tour from Sunday through Wednesday, 9 a.m., from the Va'ad Hapoel Bldg., 93 Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel Aviv, Tel. 21211.

• Tourist Service: — Wiso Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8 a.m.-2 p.m. Z.O.A. House, 9 a.m. — 7 p.m.

• Zoological Gardens: — Open 8 a.m. — 6 p.m. daily.

• Exhibitions: — Ancient glass and Wedgewood Pottery, Museum Ha'aretz, 10-5. Rubinstein Pavilion: Agadati painting on silk. Also permanent exhibition of Israeli Artists, 10-1, 4-7.

Dizengoff House, Paintings by Alexander Bogen. General Museum Collection, 10-1, 4-7.

Tel Aviv Historical Museum, Beit Shenkar, 36 Rehov Bialik, 9-1 (excepting Mondays, Saturdays and festivals).

Paintings by Abraham Hasak, Z.O.A. House, last day, 9 a.m.-10 p.m.

HAIFA

• Concert: — The yearly concert of the vocal studio of Mrs. Grete Weiss-Bab is taking place tonight at 8.30 at James De Rothschild Centre.

• Exhibitions: — Plastics Exhibition — Exhibition Centre, Beit Hakranot, 10-1, 4-7.

American Children's drawings, Artists' House, U.N.O. Ave., 10-1, 3-7.

Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Shderot Hanassi, Mt. Carmel. New Exhibition: Nagasaki-e, from the De Roos collection. 10-1, 4-7.

Ethnological Museum, 19 Rehov Arlosoroff: 1. Hungarian Folk Art. 2. Iconography of the prophet Elijah. 3. Jewish handicraft from the Yemen, Bukhara and Tunis, 10-1, 6-8.30; Closed Mondays.

Paintings by Moshe Bernstein (returned from Paris), Artists' House, 24 Shderot U.N., 10-1, 4-7.

A retrospective exhibition of 200 original Picasso prints. Municipal Museum of Modern Art, Rehov Bialik, 10-1, 4-7.

Golden Age Club, Mt. Carmel, 4.30 p.m. Ludwig Wechsler, M.D. — "Blood is Quite a Special Juice" (Dr. Faustus).

BEERSHEBA

For good food, service and fun follow the sun south to Eshel House, Restaurant, Bar & Hotel, 201 Rehov Keren Kayemet.

BEISAN

• Theatre: — Habimah: "The Miracle Worker."

AMIR

Habimah: "The Miracle Worker."

KIRYAT HAIM

Habimah: "Hagolem."

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 256.4, 249 & 130 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.15 Musical Clock. 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.58 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Programme Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Flotow: Overture "Martha"; Saint-Saens: Violin Concerto in B minor, opus 61 (Soloist: Alfredo Campoli); Delibes: "La Source", Ballet Music. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where To Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.59 Opening. 5.05 Programme Announcements. 5.06 Chess Corner. 5.15 Children's Corner. 5.30 Chamber Music: Excerpts from works by Tchaikowsky, Haydn, Mendelssohn, Borodin and Franck, played by the Budapest Quartet. 6.00 Talmud Lesson. 6.30 Mario Lanza (Tenor). 6.30 Youth Corner. 6.57 Daily News Service for the Agriculturalist. 7.15 Eichmann Trial Report. 7.50 Cantoral Request Programme. 8.30 New Records. 8.50 Bible Reading, T'hilim, chaps 41 & 42. 9.10 Spot Announcement. 9.11 Concert by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Conductor Shimon Mishory. Soloist: Jerome Lowenthal (Piano): K. Ph. E. Bach: Concerto in D for Orchestra; Rachmaninoff: Rhapsody on a Theme by Paganini for Piano and Orchestra — Intermission — Shelomo Yoffe: Symphonic Poem Jewish Melodies (First Performance); Shostakovitch: Symphony No. 1, opus 10. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
400, 292.7 & 422.5 M.

Commercial Programme: 3.59 p.m. Opening. 4.00 Programme for Tourists, presented by Yehuda Lev. 5.00 News. 5.05 Announcements. 5.06 Tunes & Melodies. 5.45 Oriental Request Programme. 6.00 "From the Newsroom." 6.02 Request (cont.). 6.15 Light Music Quiz. 6.40 Sport. 6.55 "From the Newsroom." 6.57 The Stock Market. 6.59 Close Down.

9.30 Opening. 9.31 Stars of the Evening. 10.00 "From the Newsroom." 10.02 Jazz. 10.32 Quiet Music. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 News in Easy Hebrew. 7.15 Rumanian. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Hebrew Lesson. 8.10 News in Hungarian. 8.20 News in Polish. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in French. 9.15 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
497 & 41.7 M.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
497 & 41.7 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m., 1.15-2.15, 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (25.3 M.): Programme to the U.S.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Commentary. 10.30 The Eichmann Trial Report. 10.35 From East to West. 10.45 News Headlines and Close Down.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Commentary. 7.00 The Eichmann Trial Report. 7.05 Hassidic Songs. 7.15 News Headlines and Close Down.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 226 and 235 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Songs at your Request. 6.35 Tune & Rhythm. 6.55 Readings from The Portion of the Week. 7.00 News. 7.10 Hebrew Songs. 7.30 Opera Tunes. 8.00 "The Voice & the Instrument." 8.30 "Army's Diary." 8.45 "Intermezzo." 9.00 News. 9.15 Songs from Films & Musical Shows. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (31.25, 25.12 & 19.51 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Mid-Week Magazine.

UNITED NATIONS (15, 205 & 19.73 m.) 9.20 a.m. News in Hebrew.

Notice to Connoisseurs
TODAY
OPENING
of the Exclusive Restaurant
PAGODA
317 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv, Tel. 42516
● Parking space
● Open after midnight
Manager
Manes Rotenberg

University of Tel Aviv
Enrollment of Students
FOR THE YEAR 5722—1961-2
Faculty of Sciences
Departments of Biology, Microbiology, Applied Mathematics and advanced studies (for graduates in Biology only) in Zoology.
Faculty of Humanities
Departments for: Bible studies, Talmud, Hebrew Language, Hebrew Literature, Jewish History, Philosophy, Classical Studies, General History, French Culture, Theatrical Arts and advanced studies (for graduates only) in the Department for General History.
Department for Pedagogics
Preparation towards the High School Teachers' Certificate.
Enrollment will begin on Monday, May 14, 1961 and will continue until Friday, June 16, 1961. Details and enrollment at the University of Tel Aviv, 155 Rehov Herzl, Room 141.
On Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, and Thursdays from 12 noon to 3 p.m. and on Wednesdays and Fridays from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.
Those interested are asked to bring:
Original of Matriculation Certificate
4 photographs
curriculum vitae
Identity Card and IL15 registration fee.

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Secretary—Independent Correspondent
in the export department. Must be fluent in Hebrew, English and French.
Detailed applications in writing to Pirsum A.B., 24 Rehov Herzl, Haifa, for No. 213.

TECHNION EXTENSION DIVISION
TEL AVIV BRANCH
Professor Max Bloom, Fulbright scholar from Syracuse University, N.Y., will speak on
"Economic and Community Planning."
at Beit Hamehandess, 200 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel Aviv, Thursday, May 11, 1961, at 8 p.m.
The public is cordially invited.

TOMORROW
Wednesday, May 10, at 4 p.m.
The Israel Equestrian Association

HORSE SHOW
JUMPING, RACES and GAMES
at the RAMAT GAN STADIUM
Participating:
Horsemen from Irgun Hashomrim, Beduin horsemen from moshavim and kibbutzim, riding schools, and outstanding horsemen from all over the country.
Tickets available at all ticket agencies throughout the country. For tourists at the Govt. Tourist Corp.

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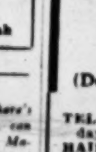
Perfs start 8.30 p.m.
Tel. 27760.
FLEDERMAUS: 9/5
Last perfs with Mrs C. Gaston
CARMEN: 10/5
AIDA: 13/5
Shortly: Samson & Delilah

PRICES
being what they are these days, here's a buy worth looking into. You can have genuine hand-embroidered Madeira dinner and tea sets shipped direct to you from Madeira at factory prices. The only shop in France to offer this service, CAPRICE OPERA, has a variety of patterns to choose from — which are then hand-embroidered in Madeira on Swiss organdie and Irish linen. You'll also be tempted here by the variety of novelties, scarves, Kislav gloves, men's ties and every brand of perfume. CAPRICE OPERA will help you iron out customs difficulties and gives maximum possible discount. 28 Rue du 4-Septembre, at the Opera, Paris. (Advt.)

SATIRICAL THEATRE

S. DZIGAN
"TSIT MICH NICHT BEI DER TSUNG"
(Don't Pull Me by the Tongue)
TEL AVIV: Ohel Shem, Today 9/5, 8.30 p.m.
HAIFA: Tamar, tomorrow 10/5, 9 p.m.
RAMAT GAN: Rama, 11/5, 8.30 p.m.
KIRYAT MOTZKIN: Orot, 12/5, 8.45 p.m.

MISSING
gold brown, 8 week old
SETTER
"SUSI"
Do not buy! Please inform nearest Police Station or telephone 82580, HAIFA.

DAGON HOTEL
ASHKELON, Tel. 148
Sorry — no places left for Shavuot. Be wise and order now for June and enjoy pre-season rates (10% reduction).

40% Tourist Reduction!

Model Galia

JERSEY SUITS and DRESSES

Asco

94 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv

The Weather

Forecast: Partly cloudy in the morning, becoming fair during the day.

Weather Synopsis: A shallow depression over the East Mediterranean is causing unstable weather conditions and cloudiness in our region.

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	76	9—16	11—19
Tiberias	74	14—21	14—27
Haifa Port	71	15—21	15—23
Tel Aviv Kirya	66	18—22	13—24
Tel Aviv Port	69	16—21	14—23
Lydda Airport	60	14—23	12—25
Jerusalem	60	10—18	11—20
Beersheba	44	14—24	12—26
Eilat	36	15—28	15—30

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

RAINFALL

	A.	B.
Haifa Port	24.0	455.1
Tel Aviv Port	7.1	572.7
Tel Aviv Kirya	6.5	530.8
Lydda Airport	4.7	—
Mt. Cana'an	24.0	621.9
Jerusalem	6.6	475.9
Beersheba	1.4	184.8

A) Amt. of rain for the past 24 hrs. B) Total since 1.8.60.

ARRIVALS

Mr. M. L. Michaels, British Deputy-Minister for Science and Representative on the Board of the International Atomic Energy Agency, and Mrs. Michaels for a visit as guests of the Israel Atomic Energy Commission and the National Board for Research and Development.

Dr. Yeshayahu Spiro, Programme Director of Kol Yisrael, from Tokyo and Teheran, where he participated in Unesco-sponsored conferences on music (by El Al).

Mr. Harry Craps, a member of the administrative committee of the Joint Palestine Appeal-Keren Hayesod in the U.K., and Mrs. Craps, for a three-week visit (by B.O.A.C.).

Mrs. Lillian Rose, Los Angeles; Messrs. and Mmes. Al Shore, Providence; Harry Cummings, New York; William Levy, Houston; Norman Sloane and Mr. Jerome Gutman, Philadelphia — all guests of the U.J.A.

DEPARTURES

Prof. M. Rachmilewitz, Dean of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, and Prof. A. Laufer, of the Department of Pathology, for Paris, to participate in a 10-day medical symposium to be held under the joint auspices of the Cultural Relations Department of the French Foreign Ministry and the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

Mr. Abraham Dickenstein, President of Ampal Company, with his wife, after a short visit (by B.O.A.C.).

Mr. Milton R. Rackmil, President of Universal Pictures, after a visit in connection with the distribution of the film "Spartacus" (by Air France).

Prof. Alexander Tchetchik, of the Technion, for Turin and Rouen, to attend two conventions of lighting engineers.

Brazzaville Mission Ends Week's Visit

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Israel is one of the first countries with which the Congo Republic (Brazzaville) will establish full diplomatic relations when it starts organizing its diplomatic representations abroad, the Congo Health Minister, M. Raymond Mahouta, said yesterday before leaving by Air France after a week's visit as head of a three-man Government delegation.

The delegation, which was here as guest of the Health and Foreign Ministries, included Dr. Samba Dehlot, Director-General of the Congolese Health Ministry, and M. Raymond Fouati, Head of the Minister's Office. (Itim)

Recognize Liberals As Knesset Faction

The Knesset House Committee yesterday granted recognition to the new Liberal Party faction. Members of the former General Zionist and Progressive Parties continued to sit in their old benches, however.

The Presidium took up the Liberals' request that, in view of the faction's increased strength, an observer from their faction be permitted to attend Presidium meetings. The Speaker stated that he would discuss the matter with the House Committee, and report back to the Presidium.

Knesset Opens Election Bill Debate

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset's Summer Term opened yesterday with a debate on the Election Law Amendment which requires new lists to deposit IL5,000, all or part of which is forfeitable under certain circumstances.

President Ben-Zvi and Prime Minister Ben-Gurion were present at the first part of the session.

The amendment provides that if a list is voided, IL1,000 will be forfeited. If it fails to poll one per cent of the valid votes, the entire IL5,000 will be forfeited.

The Deputy Minister of Interior, Dr. I.S. Ben-Meir, who presented the amendment, said that the present requirement that a Knesset list poll one per cent of the valid votes in order to win representation in the Knesset has not been enough to deter the submission of lists which had no chance at all of returning members. He recalled that in the 1959 elections two lists did not even poll 750 votes.

In the debate, the deposit requirement was supported without reservation by Mr. Yosef Shofman (Herut), Mr. Moshe Unna (National Religious), Mr. David Bar-Rav-Hay (Mapai) and Mr. Yosef Kushnir (Mapam).

Mr. Ezra Ichilov (Liberals) thought that the deposit requirement was "in bad taste," although something should be done to prevent the submission of lists which could not be expected to poll even one per cent of the vote. In any case, it would be more logical for a list voided at the start to forfeit the IL5,000, and for a list which was approved but failed to poll the minimum number of votes to forfeit only IL1,000. Mr. Baruch Azanaya (Mapai) thought that this suggestion should be considered by the Committee.

Mr. Toufik Toubi (Communist) and Dr. Mordechai Nurock (N.R.P.) were against requiring any deposit, while Rabbi Shlomo Lorincz (Agudat Yisrael), thought it should apply also to lists represented in the outgoing Knesset.

U.K. Parliamentarians Received in Knesset

The British parliamentary delegation which arrived on Sunday night was received in Jerusalem yesterday by the President, Mr. Ben-Zvi.

The six M.P.s visited the opening session of the Knesset yesterday. Greeting them, Speaker Kadish Luz said that the Knesset, one of the youngest parliaments, was happy to be host to representatives of the British people and of the Mother of Parliaments. He was sure that reciprocal visits of the two countries' delegations would strengthen the friendship between the two peoples.

Earlier in the day, the delegation was received by Mr. Luz and Deputy Speakers Greenberg and Yeshayahu in the Speaker's Office.

During the morning the delegation visited Mount Herzl and placed a wreath on Herzl's tomb, and visited the Hebrew University.

The delegation was entertained to luncheon at the Eden Hotel by the Speaker and Deputy Speakers. Also present were the British Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. H. D. V. Pakenham, Sir Barnett Janner, M.P., and Justice Minister Pinhas Rosen.

Mayor Mordecai Ish-Shalom received the visitors in the afternoon, after which they toured Jerusalem. In the evening they were guests of honour at a reception in the Knesset.

The delegation is headed by Col. Sir Douglas Glover. The other members are Messrs. J. H. Hoy, W. R. Blyton, A. E. Cooper, Julius Silverman, and Mrs. Eveline Hill.

Herut Queries A-G's Promise of Immunity

The Herut faction last night submitted to the Speaker an urgent motion for the agenda, concerning the announcement by the Attorney-General that immunity would be granted to, "two S.S. officers — and as such members of a hostile organization within the meaning of the Nazis and Nazi Collaborators Punishment Law."

The faction requested that the motion be heard urgently, so that it could be debated before the grant of immunity was implemented.

Submit Documents Linking Eichmann with Extermination

By DORIS LANKIN, Post Legal Correspondent

Adolf Eichmann, who has sat imperturbably through days of harrowing testimony, yesterday morning showed one of his rare signs of interest.

When Attorney-General Gideon Hausner rose to submit a number of documents attesting the connection between the accused and the extermination of Jews in Galicia, Byelorussia, and the Baltic states, Eichmann straightened up to listen intently and make notes.

The first document was a letter which had been shown to Eichmann during his interrogation by the police and the truth of whose contents had been confirmed by him. This letter — the well-known "*Wechselbrief*" — was written by Wechsel, an official in the Ministry for Occupied Areas in the East, to the *Reichskommissar* of the Eastern Territories. It contains the information that Eichmann, "who is in charge of Jewish affairs in the Reich Security Head Office," had agreed to Wechsel's proposals concerning the supply of equipment for the gassing of Jews, and that Eichmann had said that the Jews from the Reich would be taken to the Riga and Minsk camps for which the equipment was intended.

No Misgivings

Wechsel writes further that there need be no more misgivings about the liquidation of Jews who cannot work. "Those who are no longer capable of physical labour," he wrote, "will be exterminated by gassing. This will obviate such incidents as occurred in Vilna when the Jews were machinegunned to death. Those who are still capable of working will be sent to forced labour in the East."

At the point where the letter goes on to describe the gassing by means of trucks, Mr. Hausner drew the attention of the court to the fact that Eichmann, in his statement to the police, had mentioned observing the operation of the gas trucks in a camp near Minsk.

Another document was the circular sent out by Department IVB4 (Eichmann's department) and signed by Kaltenbrunner, Eichmann's chief. The circular, addressed to commanders of *Einsatzgruppen*, instructs them to treat all stateless Jews and those of foreign nationality like any other Jews unless they receive contrary instructions from Kaltenbrunner. Mr. Hausner emphasized that this indicates that Department IVB4 gave instructions directly to the *Einsatzgruppen* in the occupied areas of the East.

In a letter from a representative in the East of the Reich Foreign Ministry, objection is expressed to using Jews of foreign nationality for exchange purposes. The representative argues that if foreign Jews were allowed to return to their countries of origin, they would spread atrocity stories which could be used as propaganda against the Germans.

Extermination Details

Mr. Hausner then read extracts from *Einsatzgruppen* reports which had been found in the archives of the German Foreign Ministry. Copies of all these reports, which give details of the numbers of Jews exterminated in Byelorussia, Galicia, and the Baltic States, and the amount of property which was plundered, were sent to department IVB4.

From an examination of these reports, Mr. Hausner told the court, he had arrived at a total of 400,000 Jews slaughtered by the Einsatzgruppen in 1941, after Germany invaded Russia. During September-November — 1942, 363,000 Jews were executed, according to a report brought to Hitler's special attention.

Mr. Hausner then quoted from documents he was about to submit to show that the German arms and ammunition enterprises had complained bitterly about the effect the extermination policy was having on the war effort. An inspector of munitions factories in the Ukraine wrote to a general of the Wehrmacht that the mass murder of the Jews was being carried out in an unprecedentedly atrocious manner and without any consideration whatever for the economic needs of the army.

The administrative bodies in the East also criticised the large-scale murders. One Kuber, who was in charge of the Byelorussia area, wrote that the fact that the people were ordered to dig their own graves was an abomination beyond all imagination, and should be brought to the attention of Hitler and Göring.

This same Kuber, however, committed the tactical error of showing an Italian mission the gas trucks at Minsk. In a report, von Thadden of the Foreign Ministry states that the Italians were shocked to the core by what they had seen.

Mr. Hausner then submitted a series of documents aimed at showing that any questions which the Foreign Ministry had had with regard to the treatment of individual Jews were referred to Eichmann.

In a letter, dated September 11, 1940, from Department IVB4 to the Foreign Ministry, Eichmann, who signs the letter, states that he has no objection to two Jews crossing the Soviet border as long as they obtain a permit from the General Government (in Poland).

A witness then testified that his brother-in-law, Gershon Wilner, an Argentine national, had been arrested by the Gestapo in December, 1941. The next news the family had of him was a telegram from the Gestapo informing them that Vilner had died in Auschwitz of a heart-attack on July 25, 1942, and that they could come and collect his ashes in return for payment.

Argentine Query

Mr. Hausner then produced a letter from the Argentine Embassy in Berlin to the German Foreign Ministry, enquiring after Vilner's fate. This letter, dated April 17, 1942, was accompanied by a letter to the Foreign Ministry from a Ministry official in Poland saying that the intention was to send Vilner to Auschwitz.

The Foreign Ministry sent both these letters to Eichmann, on June 16, asking that, for diplomatic reasons, Vilner not be sent to Auschwitz, and assuring him that Vilner would not be returned to Argentina to spread atrocity propaganda.

On July 27, 1942, Eichmann informed the Foreign Ministry that Vilner had died of a heart attack in Auschwitz on April 25, despite the effort to save his life by giving him sustaining drugs.

Mr. Hausner drew the court's attention to the fact that Vilner's family had been informed that he had died on July 25, whereas Eichmann claimed he had died on April 15 — or two days before the Argentine Embassy started enquiring about him.

Eichmann again played a decisive role in the case of the Jewish woman Kotzi, who was married to an Italian non-Jew. In face of the persistent efforts of the Italian Embassy in Berlin to get her released from the Riga Ghetto to which she had been sent after the death of her husband, Eichmann wrote to the Foreign Ministry explaining that it was not desirable for the woman to be released to spread atrocity propaganda about the Riga Ghetto. He asked the Ministry, therefore, to try to persuade the Italian Embassy to stop asking for the woman's release.

Italian Pressure

The Italians persisted, however, and eventually von Thadden wrote to Eichmann that the Italians were within their rights and that he had better present a very convincing reason for not releasing Mrs. Kotzi that could justify his preventing her from leaving. The surrender of the Italians to the Allies in the summer of 1943 finally settled the issue. Eichmann wrote to von Thadden on September 25 that as the Italians were now out of the war, he could see no reason for taking any further action on behalf of Mrs. Kotzi, and she had been sent to the Riga Ghetto.

In the case of a family of Rumanian nationals on whose behalf the Rumanian Government had interceded, von Thadden simply noted, in an internal Foreign Ministry memorandum, that there was no point in appealing to Eichmann as this would prove useless.

Salary Rises For Primary Teachers

POST Labour Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Over 20,000 primary school and kindergarten teachers will receive a series of interim salary increases during the next four months as follows: second-year qualified teachers — IL14.50 a month; a teacher with 11 years seniority — IL42; and teachers with maximum seniority of 21 years — IL70.

This was reported yesterday by the secretary of the Histadrut Teachers Union, Mr. Shalom Levin, who noted that these sums were in keeping with the recommendations of the Halperin Committee. Mr. Levin announced that these increases were agreed on following the successful conclusion of negotiations with the Treasury.

The five-man enquiry commission into the secondary school teachers' salaries scale, headed by the Governor of the Bank of Israel, Mr. David Horowitz, began its work on Sunday when it heard Mr. Levin. He pointed out that the recommendations of this commission, appointed during the final stages of the settlement of the secondary school teachers' strike, would also apply to primary school teachers. This follows written obligations obtained from Histadrut Secretary-General Aharon Becker and Finance Minister Levi Eshkol that the status quo in the link between pay of elementary and secondary school teachers will be maintained.

Should the Horowitz Commission decide on increases which exceed the level recommended by the Halperin Committee, then the Government will defray the balance, retroactive as of September 1960, by April 1962, Mr. Levin reported.

The union leader announced that the congress of the International Federation of Teachers Associations — the first to be held in this country — will be held between May 23 and May 30 at the Beit Berl Workers College. The IFTA has affiliated groups in 30 Western countries.

Goldmann to Athens For Restitution Talks

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The payment of personal restitution to Greek-born Jews out of the funds provided to Greece by West Germany will be discussed with the Greek Government by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, in his capacity as Chairman of the Conference on Jewish Material Claims.

Dr. Goldmann so stated on his departure for Athens by Swissair yesterday. From Athens he will go to Paris, to participate in a ceremony at the hotel where Theodor Herzl wrote his "Jewish State."

From Paris Dr. Goldmann will probably go to Bonn to discuss the payment of reparations to Rumanian Jews. From Bonn he will continue to the U.S., returning to Israel in mid-June. He said he has not yet fixed the date of his settlement in Israel, but that his home in Jerusalem was under construction. (Itim)

Herut Readies Election Campaign

TEL AVIV. — Herut's election campaign propaganda will concentrate mainly on the "affair," "the crisis in Israel democracy," and the "disintegration of public morality."

The general lines of the party's campaign were approved yesterday by the Herut Central Committee. Details will be filled in by the two heads of the propaganda department, Dr. Y. Bader M.K., and Mr. A. Drori M.K.

The Committee also chose Mr. A. Ben-Eliezer M.K., as overall director of the party's election campaign; re-elected Mr. M. Begin M.K. as Chairman of the Party Executive; and put Dr. B. Avniel M.K. in charge of election finances.

Herut will concentrate much of its efforts in the Greater Tel Aviv area, and, to this end, the committee chose Mr. H. Landau M.K. to direct its campaign in this district.

Tickets on Sale Sunday For Int'l Music Fest

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Subscription tickets to Israel's first international music festival, which will be held from August 26 to September 18, will go on sale next Sunday, Mr. Meir de Shalit, Director of the Government Tourist Corporation, and Mr. Aharon Propes, head of the Corporation's Special Events Department, announced at a press conference here yesterday.

The festival will include 11 concerts in Tel Aviv, five in Jerusalem, three in Haifa, one in Ein Gev, and one in Caesarea. Subscriptions will cost IL30-IL85 in Tel Aviv, IL15-IL35 in Jerusalem, and IL10-IL27 in Haifa. Music students will get reductions.

Scheduled to participate in the festival are: Pablo Casals, who will also judge an international cello contest; Darius Milhaud, who will conduct Israel's Rinat Choir in the world premiere performance of his cantata, "Israel's Bar Mitzva"; Maureen Forrester; Eugene Istomin; Leonard Rose; Rudolf Serkin; Isaac Stern; the Budapest String Quartet, conducted by Alexander Schneider, who will also serve as Musical Director of the Festival; the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra; the Tel Aviv Choir, and the Tel Aviv Chamber Orchestra.

The festival is sponsored jointly by the Corporation and the America-Israel Cultural Foundation.

EXODUS PREMIERE ON JUNE 21

TEL AVIV. — The gala Israel premiere of Otto Preminger's film "Exodus," will be held on June 21 at the Zafon cinema here under the joint auspices of the Weizmann Institute and Wizo.

This was announced by Mrs. Raya Jaglom, Hon. Treasurer of World Wizo and Chairman of the Ladies' Committee for the premiere, which met yesterday for the first time. Proceeds of the premiere will be shared by the Institute and Wizo.

The film will be screened in the original 70-mm. in which it was shot. Following the Tel Aviv premiere there will be two additional premieres, in Jerusalem and in Haifa.

Football Executive Says Rafi Levy Returning

TEL AVIV. — Rafi Levy, Israel's international centre-forward, who has been playing soccer with Sydney Hakoah in Australia since February, has not made the first team in recent weeks and is likely to return here shortly, Mr. Zvi Brinn, of the Football Association Executive, told reporters yesterday.

Levy has been affected by a leg injury, suffered some weeks before his departure. Levy, voted "Sportsman of the Year" in 1960, left Tel Aviv Maccabi to play for Sydney Hakoah because he claimed he was not earning a living wage as a garage hand with the Dan bus cooperative, where he was a hired employee.

Meanwhile, the captain of the Israel national team and of Petah Tikva Hapoel, Nahum Stelmach, has decided not to join the same club or go to Australia at all, though return tickets for him, his wife and two children, have been ordered by Sydney Hakoah, it is learned.

INDUSTRY, FINANCE and COMMERCE

Dead Sea Works Offer IL500 In New Shares to Every Citizen

Every Israeli citizen will be able to acquire up to IL500 in shares of the new Dead Sea Works issue, Mr. Menahem Bader, Director-General of the Ministry of Development and Chairman of the Board of the Works, announced yesterday. The issue will be floated at the end of June.

The shares will have a par value of IL1, but will be sold at six to eight per cent more to cover costs.

5% Interest

Mr. Bader added that if conditions permit individual purchases of over IL500 will also be permitted.

Until the completion of the Dead Sea Works expansion programme in 1965, when the company is expected to start paying regular dividends, holders of the new shares will be guaranteed annual interest payments of five per cent.

A total of IL27m. worth of shares will be issued. A number of public bodies — including Bank Leumi, the Histadrut's economic organs, the Hebrew University, the Technion, and the Palestine Economic Corporation — have announced their intention of buying a total of IL10m. of the shares.

The Dead Sea Concession Bill was tabled in the Knesset yesterday.

The gas-line from Rosh Zohar to the potash plant was completed yesterday and will be officially opened by the Minister of Finance on Sunday.

Dutch Diamond Men Here for Talks

An official Dutch delegation arrived yesterday to study Israel diamond manufacturing and conduct negotiations on cooperation between the two countries in the diamond industry.

Mr. E. A. Plate, Assistant Director-General for Commerce and Industry in the Ministry of Economics, is Chairman of the delegation, which includes Messrs. L. Asscher, Director of the Asscher Diamond Company and President of the General Association of Diamond Merchants; M. Drukker and P. H. V. Dumig, diamond manufacturers, and H. J. van Eerde, Secretary of the Metal and Electrical Workers' Union.

The Israeli negotiating team will be headed by Mr. Yona Hazor, Diamond Controller.

El Al Jet Has Blowout On Maiden Flight

NEW YORK (AP). — A Boeing 707 jet airliner being delivered from Seattle, Washington, to El Al, struck runway lights after landing at Idlewild airport on Sunday night. No one was injured.

Airport officials said a tire of the airliner blew out and the plane slid toward the end of the runway. The jet taxied to its gate under its own power.

There were about 20 non-revenue passengers and extra crew members on the flight.

A formal ceremony in Seattle, where the airline took delivery of the big jet, was attended by the Governor of Washington, Mr. Albert Rosellini, representatives of the Israel Embassy and Aluf E. Ben-Artzi, El Al's Managing Director.

The crew flying the plane is headed by Captain Zvi Tohar.

The jet-liner is due at Lydda on Thursday, after undergoing training flights in New York. On its maiden flight it will make a number of training landings en route to Israel.

Tel Aviv Stock Markets

	7/5	8/5
$ LINKED		
3½% Tavei $	97½	99
3½% Zmudei $	99¾	99¼
4% Def. Loan	104½	103¾
4% Hous. Loan B	102	103
4½% B	102½	103¼
3½% P.E.C. 57/64	108	108
4% Nat'l Oil Co.	96	96
4% K. Hay. III	E 100½	100½
4% Fert. & Chem.	102	102
Local Author. 58/65	102¾	101¼
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	104¼	104¼
4½% Hou. Loan "A"	102¼	103¼
5½% P.E.C. 57/64	120½	120½
4% K. Hay. III	E 103¼	103¼
Local Authorities	106¼	107
50%/50% $ C.o.L. LINKED		
6% Ind. Dev. Bank	98¾	99¾
6% Pal. Elect.	107¾	100¼
6% Bank Leumi Invest	98¾	100
ORD & PREF SHRS.		
P.E.C. Stock	515	512
4½% P.E.C. 2nd Pref	450	452½
B'k Leumi 'A' Ord. St.	388¼	389¼
Gen. Mort. B'k. (new)	408¼	408¼
Bank Leumi Inv.	358¼	360
Rassco Pref	164	164
Otsar Hit. Hayehudit		
Registered	347	348¾
Bearer	366	368
Hous. Mort. Bank	145	148
Ellern Invest.	315	317
Africa Pal. Inv.	237	237
I.L.D.C. (new ex-rights)	250	256
Ata Ord. 'B'	301	302½
Ata Def. (Reg.)	179¾	—
Moller Text	161	161
Phoenicia (Reg.)	112½	114
Assis & Bej. Bro.	261	261
Pal Potash	480	487
Dead Sea Foun.	348½	348¾
Teva	194½	194½
Pal. Cold Stor.	225	227
Paper Mills	175¼	176
Alliance	22.20	22.05
Delek	329¼	330¼
Delek 11/13	328¼	327½
Jordan Explor.	96	96
Nehushtan	130½	131½
Fert. & Chem.	118	119¾
Dubek	—	128
ISRAS		
Is. Rassco Inv. Co.	113½	113½
CURB		
Lapidoth	3.88	3.88
Naphta	138	138¼
Rassco (1960)	150¼	—
Shemen	100¼	101¼
Isr. Dev. & Mort. Bk.	146	148½

B: Buyers only. E: ex Div/Coupon

YESTERDAY'S TREND

Dollar Bonds	Irregular
Index Bonds	Higher
Ord. Shares	Higher

AS REPORTED BY

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD

Your Investment Advisers

Plentiful Vegetables Promised in Fortnight

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The current vegetable shortage should end within the fortnight, after which there should be a more ample, varied and cheap supply, Mr. Ben-Zion Itshar, Manager of the Vegetable Marketing Board, told *The Jerusalem Post* here yesterday.

Mr. Itshar explained that adverse weather conditions, mainly during February, had upset the Council's planting schedule. Farmers later attempted to fill out the gaps and there may even be some surpluses by the end of June or July, due to the subsequent intensive planting instead of the planned "staggered" schedule.

The Council, in agreement with the Ministry of Agriculture, has also decided to cut down on the percentage of "Moneymaker" tomatoes to be planted this year (to one-quarter of the total) but will increase the overall area from the 21,000 dunams of the 1960/61 season to 25,000 dunams by the end of the current season.

Protest Strike In Agriculture Ministry

The employees of the Ministry of Agriculture will strike for one hour today in protest against the Ministry's transfer of most of its operations to Tel Aviv.

The strike has the approval of the Jerusalem Labour Council which, in a statement yesterday, took the Ministry to task for not complying with the Cabinet's decision to transfer more Government activities to, instead of diminishing them in, the Capital.

Dorina

KNITS OF THE SEASON

SUITS AND SWEATERS

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The Fashion Houses you can rely on

SPECIAL TOURIST DEPT.

To All Citizens and Visitors To Tel Aviv and Vicinity

The following is a list of restaurants, buffets and cafes in Tel Aviv and the vicinity which have been awarded the "BLUE RIBBON — the badge of distinction for scrupulous maintenance of hygienic standards by the Ministry of Health.

RESTAURANTS

ADLER: 11 Rehov Allenby, T.A.; **ORLI:** Rehov Allenby, T.A.; **ACROPOLIS:** Rehov Hageshar, T.A.; **BEIT LESSIN:** 26 Rehov Weitzmann, T.A.; **BEIT SOKOLOV:** Rehov Kaplan, T.A.; **BECHAR:** 35 Derekh Petah Tikva, T.A.; **Z.O.A. HOUSE:** Rehov Daniel Frish, T.A.; **GALILA:** 28 Rehov Allenby, T.A.; **JEANNETTE:** 4 Rehov Retzif Aliya Sh'niya, Jaffa; **HIRSH:** 2 Rehov Ben Yehuda, T.A.; **LYDIA:** Kikar Masaryk, T.A.; **MONTEKARA:** 13 Rehov Hakishon, T.A.; **MUSSA:** 1 Rehov Raines, T.A.; **RAMAT AVIV:** Derekh Haifa; **SAVOY:** Rehov Sokolov, Holon; **Z'LI ESH:** 26 Rehov Allenby, T.A.; **ZUKERMAN:** 39 Rehov Ben Yehuda, T.A.; **SHIFMILLER:** 4 Rehov Sirkin, Givata'im.

CAFES

NITZA: 40 Rehov Allenby, T.A.; **ROMA:** 7 Rehov Ben Yehuda, T.A.; **ROYAL:** 117 Rehov Dizengoff, T.A.

To all Restaurant and cafe owners in the Tel Aviv area! who have as yet not been awarded the Blue Ribbon. In August 1961 the ribbon will again be awarded to the outstanding eating places.

Further details can be obtained from the hoteliers organizations, municipal offices and the district offices of the Ministry of Health.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH

Mifalei Yam Hamelah B.M. Dead Sea Works Limited

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books in respect of the "B" Founders' Shares of the above-named Company will be closed from May 10, 1961 to May 31, 1961, both days inclusive, in connection with the arrangements being made for the capital re-organization of the Company.

By Order of the Board
I. HILLMAN,
Secretary

We announce with deep sorrow the death of our beloved father, brother and grandfather

BERCO LEVOW ז"ל

who passed away in New York on May 6.

Evelyn Levow Greenberg and Family
Miriam Rieder and Family
Shiva at 30 Rehov Ramban, Jerusalem.

Our heartfelt condolences to the bereaved family of

HANAN BRAUN

on his untimely passing

FAMILIES:
FRIEDMANN, GUMBEL, REICH
RICHTER, SCHWERIN

Our heartfelt thanks to all who participated in our sorrow and expressed their sympathy on the passing of our beloved

COLIN GILLON ז"ל

The tombstone will be unveiled and a memorial service held, on Wednesday, May 10, 1961, at 4.30 p.m., the thirtieth day after his passing, at the Sanhedria Cemetery, Jerusalem.

THE FAMILY

רותי אומרת:

Ruth says:

Look after yourself — cross correctly

When crossing the street make sure it's the pavement you'll meet.

The National Council for the Prevention of Accidents

KUPAT-AM BANK LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1960

31.12.59		Authorized	Issued	Paid
IL.	SHARE CAPITAL	IL.	IL.	IL.
	Shares of IL 5 each:			
50,000	Ordinary Shares	50,000	50,000	50,000
60,000	"A" Ordinary Shares	60,000	60,000	60,000
75,000	"B" Ordinary Shares	75,000	75,000	75,000
104,855	"C" Ordinary Shares	175,000	104,855	104,855
67,258	8% Cumulative Participating "A" & "B" Preference Shares	105,000	105,000	67,380
190,000	5% Cumulative Participating "C" Preference Shares	190,000	190,000	190,000
268,585	"D" 5% Preference Shares	345,000	299,120	299,120
815,698		1,000,000	883,975	846,355
151,400	GENERAL RESERVE AND BALANCE OF PROFIT		163,388	
767,328*)	SUNDRY PROVISIONS**)		847,900	1,011,288
1,734,428				1,857,643
16,997,128	CURRENT ACCOUNTS, DEPOSITS, CREDITORS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS			19,960,974
1,294,441	BALANCE OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES			261,690
3,268,073	CUSTOMERS' LIABILITIES FOR DOCUMENTARY CREDITS, GUARANTEES AND ACCEPTANCES — see contra			3,355,006
23,294,065				25,435,313

*) Reclassified
**) Including provision deposited for Retirement Compensation

31.12.59		
IL.		IL.
8,664,974	CASH, BALANCES WITH THE BANK OF ISRAEL AND OTHER BANKS AND BALANCES WITH CORRESPONDENTS	10,776,653
942,894*)	GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES At cost or market price whichever is lower when quoted; at cost or less — when not quoted (incl. shares in subsidiary companies amounting to IL39,355. There is a contingent liability in connection with subscription of shares in a subsidiary company amounting to IL45,600)	728,265
9,158,542	LOANS, BILLS DISCOUNTED, DEBTORS, DEBIT BALANCES, AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (incl. balances of subsidiary companies amounting to IL33,196 and deposit of provision for employees retirement fund)	9,772,912
944,782	REAL ESTATE, EQUIPMENT AND OTHER ASSETS — at cost after depreciation (Incl. shares in Real Estate subsidiary company amounting to IL271,421, partly at cost and partly per valuation, and other investments)	802,806
3,268,073	CUSTOMERS' LIABILITIES FOR DOCUMENTARY CREDITS GUARANTEES AND ACCEPTANCES — see contra (incl. subsidiary company IL10,950)	3,355,006
23,294,065		25,435,313

Statement of Directors pursuant to section 107(3) of the Companies ORDINANCE, 1929:—
The profits of the Subsidiary Companies are not included in the above Balance Sheet.

On behalf of the Board of Directors:
JACOB BORSTEIN, Chairman
SHALOM VOLOVELSKY, Vice Chairman
JACOB STROD, Vice Chairman
N. BATZKOVSKY, General Manager

On behalf of the Board of Directors:
JACOB BORSTEIN, Chairman
SHALOM VOLOVELSKY, Vice Chairman
JACOB STROD, Vice Chairman
N. BATZKOVSKY, General Manager

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF KUPAT-AM BANK LIMITED

We have audited the above Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account annexed thereto, and have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit. In our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the Bank so far as it appears from our examination thereof.

The said Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account are in agreement with the books of account and in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the said Balance Sheet gives a true and fair view of the Bank's affairs as at December 31, 1960 and the Profit and Loss Account gives a true and fair view of the result of the business of the Bank for the year ended on that date.

Tel Aviv, April 10, 1961.

BOJANSKY, STERN, HALIFI & CO.
Certified Public Accountants.

SHE SURVIVED THE ANGELS OF DEATH

Witness Tells Eichmann Court Story of Escape from Living Grave

By MACABEE DEAN

A WOMAN who was shot, thrown into a mass grave and buried alive by an S.S. "angel of death," yesterday morning took the witness stand, looked quietly at Eichmann sitting opposite her in his bullet-proof glass dock, and began telling her blood-chilling story.

Eichmann listened intently through his earphones, but otherwise gave no sign that her story had had any effect on him. When Dr. Robert Servatius, his defence counsel, relinquished his right of cross-examination with his now customary: "I have no questions," a murmur of sound ran through the courtroom. It sounded as though people had hissed.

Justice Landau, the Presiding Judge, called the court to order, noting sternly: "I demand that quiet be maintained and the decorum of this court upheld."

The witness, Mrs. Rivka Yosilevska — whose appearance had been postponed by illness last week — said that about 500 Jewish families lived in her small, peaceful village of Porusk near Pinsk. The Germans came in 1941 and turned the synagogue into a stable. Although the Jews' Gentile neighbours warned them that the Germans were shooting Jews, they refused to believe this.

They believed it only after the first *aktion* in which more than a hundred Jews were butchered, and after the Byelorussian police, aided by the Germans, began to beat them mercilessly for the slightest infringement. Mrs. Yosilevska herself was beaten for bringing a piece of sugar for her daughter.

On Rosh Hodesh Elul, 1942 after her father had returned from a secret dawn prayer meeting in a cellar, the Jews saw that their quarter was surrounded. For every Jew there were four to five (*Einsatzgruppen*) Germans, plus four S.S. "angels of death" dressed in black with their death's head emblem.

All the Jews were summoned into the street and were ordered to stay there. By late afternoon the children were screaming for bread and water.

A huge truck came up and the Jews were forced aboard. Others were thrown into the truck, but still not all could be taken. So she, as well as other mothers with children, was told to run after the truck. They ran for three kilometres to an open space. She saw the Jews standing naked, and told herself, "They are only going to torture us." But then she saw a pit with 12 bodies in it.

Her child said, "Let us run away while we can."

Some youngsters tried to escape and were brought back and shot. The four S.S. "angels of death" stood by the pit shooting the naked Jews and throwing their bodies in.

Then her turn came.

She walked forward with her child in her arms.

"Whom shall I shoot first?" the S.S. man asked.

"I did not answer," the witness said.

"I heard a shot and felt my daughter scream out her soul. I turned my head away, and then I heard another shot, but I did not fall. The S.S. man made me turn around and he shot me again. I fell into a pit of blackness. I was senseless, yet I was alive although I knew I must be dead.

"Then I began struggling for air as other naked bodies, dripping blood, were thrown on top of me. I felt that I was living, and I began squirming my way upwards through the mass of bodies. I fought not to choke. I had no strength left, and then I rose out of the bodies.

RIVKA YOSILEVSKA

"I was covered with blood. I had this wound in my head" — the witness lifted her hair to show a huge scar near the top of her head — "and there were the terrible cries of the children, and I began to look for my own child in the pit. I saw two women, but I could not recognize them, for they had been wounded and were covered with blood. There were cries of help from the wounded in the pit. Together we pulled another woman also thrown into the pit alive out from the pile of bodies.

The witness went to a little spot where the children were and sat there. The Germans returned with a group of local Gentiles who collected the children. They were taken to the edge of the pit where the Germans shot them. The Germans also rounded up the three wounded women, and despite the heart-rending pleas of one of them for mercy, shot them again. The grave was covered and everyone left, leaving her there alone.

"I went over to the grave and begged to die. I asked that the grave should open and swallow me up. Blood was everywhere, as if squirted with force from a fountain — till this day I cannot go past a fountain without thinking of that scene — and I tried to dig into the grave with my fingernails, but it would not open to receive me."

She lay prostrate on the grave for three days and three nights. In the mornings and evenings, when the shepherds took their flocks past to graze, they stoned her, thinking she was demented.

"Then a kind peasant wandered past, pitied me, and took me in." She joined a band of partisans in the woods and stayed with them until the Russians came to liberate the area.

"And then you came here," Mr. Hausner prompted her.

"Yes, I came here, I remarried, and I have two children."

Deported from Vienna

THE first witness called yesterday, Mrs. Leana Neumann of Ramat Gan, told of being deported from her home in Vienna in January with her parents to Riga during a six-day nightmare journey. Of the 1,500 Jews in the transport, only 1,000 survived this first "selection." Five days after she arrived, only 300 passed another "selection."

She was one of ten Jewish women from Austria who with ten Latvian Jewish men disinfected the clothes of the Jews "liquidated" in the mass shootings on the execution grounds of the Ninth Fortress.

LEANA NEUMANN

One day one of the Latvians held aloft a blood-stained coat. "It is the coat of my little daughter," he screamed.

"This was not the only scene of this type," the witness added.

Then she was detailed to do outside work, cleaning up the snow. She was frequently beaten. Shipped to Kaiserwald, she rejoined her father, and they were sent together to Strassenhoff.

Housed in huge blocks, three for women, one for men, they spent their days breaking stones and their nights standing at attention at roll calls in the snow. Several of the men, who worked outside the camp, were caught trying to bring in a bit of bread which they had been given.

They were doused with buckets of ice-cold water, made to stand outside in the freezing weather. They died of pneumonia.

The witness stated that not only Jews were imprisoned here, but also "learned Biblical scholars who were Russians and Poles."

Hospitalized with typhus, she saw that although the staff consisted of Jewish doctors from Kovno and Hungary, the director was an S.S. official.

On August 16, 1944, she was evacuated to Stutthoff. After nine months in this camp, she was evacuated by sea in the hold of a tanker with 335 others. After terrible hardships, the 190 persons who survived this trip were rescued at Kiel by a British ship.

Tailor's Tale

THE second witness was Mr. Shamuel Horowitz, of Holon, a tailor by profession — and it was his ability to sew good uniforms for the Gestapo officials which saved his life. For a time it also protected his family, but finally first his son and then the others were killed.

He worked in Kolomyja, in Galicia, for Weismann, the local head of the Gestapo, (who was never tried after the war), and managed to survive several selections and deportations which soon cut down the number of the Jews in the town from 80,000 to a few thousand.

In 1943, Liedenwitz, of the Gestapo, locked him up at Gestapo headquarters while the S.S. and the Schutzpolizei rounded up 6,000 Jews for deportation. After this raid was over, he was told he could go home. He said that his wife and daughter had passed the "selection" and were in the "life" line; his son, 16, was in the "death" line. He tried to argue with the police officials that his son was a first class trousers cutter, but nothing helped and he was taken away to be shot with the 6,000 other Jews.

Another Gestapo official, Frost, came some days later, saying that the "deportations" were over. This calmed the people, but the next day at four a.m. there was an *aktion* in which the S.S. brutally clubbed everybody, and Frost took away several dozen persons to be shot. Frost told him he could go home to get his possessions and move into the non-Jewish part of the city. Returning to the Ghetto, he saw horrible scenes, "with blood everywhere and dead bodies. In one apartment, five persons had hanged themselves to avoid being shot by the Gestapo."

SHAMUEL HOROWITZ

Mr. Horowitz was one of 30 artisans spared by the Gestapo. After working for seven weeks for the Gestapo, the 30 Jews were taken to the graveyard and told to lie down. They were taken away in batches of five to be shot. Between the first and second batches, Mr. Horowitz ran away and hid among the headstones. The Ukrainian militiamen failed to find him and he escaped.

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DAY AFTER TOMORROW DRAWING OF MIFAL HAPAYIS
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Readers' Letters

CLAIMS ON AUSTRIA

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Mr. Josef Fraenkel's letter in your issue of today omits certain facts.

Dr. Goldmann invited me, as a delegate of the World Organization of Jews from Austria, to attend the Conference for Jewish Claims on Austria, which was to meet in October 1958 in Geneva. There, it appeared that the meeting was ready to accept as final settlement of the loss suffered by the Jews of Austria — which amounted to more than $1,000m. — an offer by the Austrian Government to the remaining 75,000 Jews, of altogether $6m. — i.e. $80.00 per head or less than one per cent of the losses.

On behalf of, and upon written instructions received by me from, the Praesidium of our organization and its branches in the U.K., Belgium, France, South America, Australia and Israel, which were submitted to and acknowledged by the above-mentioned Conference, I rejected this ridiculous offer. It may be that no further invitation was therefore extended to our Organization to attend such meetings.

Nor has the Austrian Government renewed its offer to grant all the remaining Jews from Austria this same amount of $6m. as a final and definite settlement of its obligation to grant compensation to Nazi victims.

I am authorized to state that our organization, on behalf of Jews from Austria, will continue to insist on full compensation for all losses and continue its endeavours to achieve this aim.

Yours, etc.
F. V. ROSENMANN

Haifa, April 26.

GIFT PARCELS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — It would be of interest to know whether the inverted commas before and after the words "gift parcel" in the reply of the Treasury's Inland Revenue Department regarding gift parcels (your issue of today) denote the official attitude of the Treasury towards the truth of a declaration by an ordinary citizen, or, for that matter, the truth of any other declaration made to the various revenue departments of the Treasury.

Have our Treasury officials come to the conclusion that any statement made to them is false until the contrary has been proved?

Yours, etc.
G. K.
(Name and Address Supplied)

Zahala, March 28.

Treasury Replies

The purpose of the quotation marks was to denote the reference to a specific term (in this case, a specific term in the customs tariff). If it had been my intention to express any opinion at all with regard to gift parcels themselves, I would have said it clearly and not indirectly. This will answer, also, your correspondent's last paragraph.

A. MANDL
Inland Revenue
The Treasury

Jerusalem, April 18.

TELEGRAMS BY PHONE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir — When I applied to the postal authorities for incoming telegrams to be put through to me by telephone, I was informed that such a service did not exist.

I believe there is an urgent necessity for this service, especially for those villages that are connected to the telephone network. I live in a village near Natanya which has its own post office. However, this office does not function round the clock. For instance, telegrams arriving on Fridays after 12 o'clock will be delivered only on Sunday.

Many services rendered by the postal administration are of minor importance to the public compared to the transmission of telegrams by telephone.

Yours, etc.,
ALFRED WEIS

Beth Yitzhak, March 11.

Post Office Replies

We should like to draw Mr. Weis' attention to the "TF" auxiliary service described on page 337 of the Post Office Guide. If the recipient of a telegram is a telephone subscriber and the sender wishes to have the telegram read to him over the telephone, he must preface the address, on the telegram form, with the initials "TF" ("DD") and the telephone number. No additional charge is made for this service.

The Ministry of Posts does not find it possible for technical reasons to institute the practice of telephoning the contents of telegrams which do not bear the telephone number of the recipient.

DANIEL MOLAD-MENDELSOHN
Public Relations Officer
Ministry of Posts

Jerusalem, April 6.

MARGINAL COMMENT

Case for Clear Thinking

By Nissim Rejwan

THERE are people — serious and thoughtful people — who have come to the conclusion that it is no longer possible to hold a serious opinion on the question of colonialism and the emergence of the new States in Asia and Africa. The *pro* and the *con* attitudes, these people point out, are hardening into two sets of theatrical gestures. The stakes are enormous; time, patience, tempers are very short, and it would be unreasonable to look for any great subtlety or complexity of thought on such subjects. We have, however, been lately reading a book (On Alien Rule and Self-Government, by John Plamenatz, Longmans, London, 224 pp. 21s.) whose author goes a long way in analyzing the ideas and assumptions of apologists for and opponents of alien rule, "which today means, above all, European rule over non-Europeans." Mr. Plamenatz, himself belonging "by birth and affection to a 'backward' nation," offers no solutions and strikes no attitudes; he just seeks to uncover "the confusions of thought and of purpose which make so much of the controversy about self-government blind, irritating and unprofitable."

★

THIS may seem a useless and unavailing occupation, and at least one respectable British weekly of opinion has criticized Mr. Plamenatz pretty severely since, in its view, it is possible that clear thinking if it leads only to empty conclusions, is no less harmful than muddled thinking that leads to wrong conclusions. In reply to which the author would probably have had nothing to add to what he writes in his concluding chapter, namely that it would be "quite beyond the scope of an essay of this kind to suggest any plan of action for granting self-government to dependent peoples. Circumstances," he explains, "differ from place to place, and the general situation changes from decade to decade, and therefore it is hazardous to lay down in advance an order of progress towards a set goal."

★

SINCE it is difficult to summarize arguments of this elaborate kind — it takes the author a quarter of the book to summarize his own conclusions and offer a few suggestions — a few of the highlights of these conclusions may be presented:

Mr. Plamenatz is of the opinion that the dominance of Europe, in which he includes the Russians and sometimes the Americans, is inevitable, "neither to be praised nor condemned. It is happening and can hardly be stopped, still less reversed." He addresses peoples still struggling for independence or who have recently achieved it: "Remember that, if 'colonialism' is on the decline, this is due much more to the spread of liberal and socialist ideas among the Europeans than to any increase in your strength. The nations of European stock, economically and militarily, are immensely more powerful than they were when you were conquered; and your strength against them lies chiefly in the fact that your subjection is against their principles... It is your good fortune that you are on their conscience. If they had the temperament of a Mao-Tse-tung or a Colonel Nasser, you would not stand a chance against them."

★

RIGHTLY, the author shows considerable concern over the likelihood that fanatical minorities among newly-independent peoples will seize power, "drive and trick the people out of their old habits, hurry and stampede them... and come to despise them."

To the ruling Powers he says: "Take care that when you come to leave, another form of 'alien' rule does not replace your own; that some tribes and communities do not come to dominate others. You owe it to your subjects to see to it that those who claim to speak for them, and on that ground to take over power from you, really do speak for them." To the newly-independent peoples he gives this piece of advice: "If you value personal freedom and democracy as well as national independence, do not allow the need to maintain a united front against the ruling power to be used as an excuse for intimidation. Above all, do not allow terrorists to take control of your national movement..."

★

MR. PLAMENATZ has refreshingly daring ideas to offer on the question of Communism in underdeveloped countries. "We do not need so much to exert ourselves," he writes, "*against* Communism as *for* our own ideals. If all Asia and Africa were to go Communist, I doubt whether the West would be much less secure than it is now... There is, of course, no question of our forcing democracy and freedom, as we understand them, on other peoples, for these are things which of their very nature cannot be imposed by force." He generally counsels moderation:

"Cultural assimilation (he writes on the subject of Westernization), when it is rapid and wide, and of the many by the few, is perhaps incompatible with social integration. Not for one moment do I suggest that the peoples of Asia and Africa are the better for being westernized; for this process, broad and deep though it had been, has also been disruptive and incomplete. It has greatly changed the lives of hundreds of millions of people without making Europeans of them culturally and politically; it has too often cut them off from what used to satisfy them without giving them anything as satisfying in its place. When I say that the process is not complete (Mr. Plamenatz hastens to add), I do not mean to imply that it ought to be completed, or even that it must be if it is to cease being disruptive..."

★

THIS is all very wise and fair-minded; but the melancholy thing is that it stands little chance of being heeded by either of the two sides.

Tel Aviv, May 9.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

U.S. and Arab Blockade

THE State Department's "rebuttal" that the resolution of the New York State Legislature "sought to portray the Arab blockade of Israel as more discriminatory than it actually is," as Mr. Brooks Hays termed it in his letter to Senator Keith Keating of New York last week, comes in for minute scrutiny and criticism by a number of yesterday's papers. **Al Hamishmar** (Mapam) is hard put to understand by what stretch of the imagination Mr. Hays finds it possible to link the Arab piracy with the refugee problem and adds that if the statement represents the new Administration's official line, it will only serve to make the Middle East situation worse.

In the view of **Haboker** (Liberal), we cannot, despite all the problems besetting the United States, justify this surprising transition from a declared policy of action against the boycott by every means short of force to a description of the embargo as harmless and justified. Such manoeuvres, will not only fail to win over the Arabs but are bound to harm America as a great power upholding the principle of free trade and everything that goes with it.

Hatzofe (National Religious) considers this public justification of the Arab boycott as a calculated failure to support Israel on a problem about which we had been led to believe the U.S. was officially with us. **Ha'aretz** (non-party) writes that the new American stand has taken us by surprise. In addition to being convinced that we are right and that Mr. Hays' arguments will not stand up to criticism, we do not believe that this new attitude will help the United States in the international sphere.

Ha'aretz also studies the case of Dr. Goldmann and the Liberal Party and concludes that both knew beforehand that the world Jewish leader would not find his way clear to giving up his present activity in order to represent the Liberals in the Knesset.

Davar (Histadrut) writes that Dr. Goldmann has a perfect right to point out that Israel's position in the international scene is not too bright, but if he comes and tells us that "friction with Russia is not a heaven-sent decree" and that we should find a way to make peace with the Arabs, he must also tell us what he suggests should be done to this end.

Yediot Aharonot writes that it is easy to speak about an alternative to Mapai, but the most the parties hope for is to gain a few mandates in the Knesset. It is in this light that Dr. Goldmann's reluctance to become active in local politics should be viewed; he sees no prospects of changing the present political constellation and does not intend to go through the motions of campaigning for just a few more Knesset seats.

PEN FRIENDS

MR. B. VINGERLING, 35, of Lelliestraat 100, Goes (Z.), the Netherlands, a teacher, would like to correspond with a girl in Israel.

RUDOLF KILFITT, (21b) Herne/Westf., Im Wiesel 34, West Germany, wishes to have a correspondent in Israel with whom to exchange stamps.

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Written applications, including Curriculum Vitae and diplomas, should be submitted before June 15, 1961, to the office of the Dean, Medical School.

Applications will be considered by an applications committee, and the Medical School reserves the right of selection for admission to the course.

Particulars regarding fees, curriculum and other information are available from the Dean, Medical School, Jerusalem, to whom all correspondence should be addressed.

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as recorded in talks with Harlan B. Phillips
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Expression of Thanks

We hereby express our gratitude to
The Committee of Judges
S. Shalom (Poet) — Chairman
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M. Luss (Chairman of the Haifa Chamber of Commerce
Y. Cohen (City Engineer, Haifa)
who, in selfless effort, checked the thousands of names submitted to our competition for a name for our new Garden Township on Mount Carmel and after painstaking work chose
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